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TRAGIC DEATH OF NAVAL OFFICER.

FALL INTO HARBOUR AT MURRAY PIER.

LIEUT.-COMDR. LITTLETON OF TITANIA.

EARLY MORN TRAGEDY.

Considerable gloom has been cast over naval circles in Hongkong by the death by drowning, in the early hours of this morning, of Paymaster Lieutenant Hugh Littleton, R.N. of H.M.S. *Titania*.

An extremely popular officer, he lost his life in particularly tragic circumstances, having apparently left a party of friends only a few minutes before the tragedy with the intention of returning to his ship, which arrived from the North yesterday afternoon. The deceased officer appears to have made his way to Murray Pier with a view to taking a sampan, and to have fallen into the water while endeavouring to hail some nearby craft.

Seen by Sergeant.

According to the evidence of a European police officer, "Lance Sergeant Brand, who was on duty on the Prayi, the tragedy occurred at about one o'clock this morning. The sergeant saw a European standing on Murray Pier apparently waiting for a boat to come alongside. He had no need to pay any great attention, but a few seconds later he heard a splash, and looking again, observed that the man (since identified as Lieutenant Commander Littleton) had disappeared.

Nothing more was seen of the unfortunate victim, though the waters were anxiously searched.

Body Recovered.

Later.

The Naval authorities, with the co-operation of the Water Police, were engaged for two or three hours this morning in dragging operations in the vicinity of Murray Pier, the body being recovered a little before noon.

Lieut. Commander Littleton had been reported missing from his ship, though he had obtained certain leave which did not make it absolutely necessary for him to return to the *Titania* last night.

Arrived Yesterday.

H.M.S. *Titania*, which is the submarine parent-ship, only arrived in Hongkong yesterday afternoon from Weihsien, where she had been stationed for the summer. Most of the officers who could obtain leave were ashore during the evening, and it is understood that Lieut. Commander Littleton was accompanied by some of his colleagues until some few minutes before the tragedy occurred.

Lieut. Commander Littleton had been on the China Station for more than two years, being appointed to H.M.S. *Titania* in March, 1927. He attained the rank of Paymaster-Lieut. Commander in May, 1921.

War Service.

He served throughout the Great War on board H.M.S. *Marlborough*, afterwards going to the East Indies Station.

From 1919 to 1920, he was attached to the Mediterranean Fleet, aboard H.M.S. *Hussar*. Later, he was transferred to H.M.S. *Malaya*.

In 1925, he went to Devonport to take up duties on the training ship "Impregnable," and remained until appointed to H.M.S. *Titania* in 1927.

The deceased officer was 29 years ago. An all-round athlete, it is notable that he was an excellent swimmer. He was unmarried.

We understand that the body has been identified and sent to the public mortuary. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral.

MR. SHEARER AT IT AGAIN.

ALLEGED BRITISH "SECRET" DOCUMENT.

EUROPE V. AMERICA.

New York, Sept. 26. The promise of the production of a British "secret" document, which Mr. William Shearer alleges he secured at Geneva, has reawakened interest in the Senate's inquiry into the activities of Shearer at the Naval Disarmament Conference at Geneva in 1927.

The affair has created a profound sensation as it is alleged by Shearer that he was in the pay of prominent American ship-builders with the object of crabbings as far as possible, the disarmament proposals.

It is understood that the new development in the case will be forthcoming on Monday when Mr. Shearer enters the witness box for the first time.

It is further understood that the alleged "secret" document is a letter written by a Member of the British Government to Mr. Lloyd George in June, 1928 (after the Disarmament Conference) suggesting a coalition of the United States of Europe against the United States of America.—*Reuter's American Service*.

FRENCH OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

ARCHIE COMPSTON BEATEN BY A STROKE.

Paris, Sept. 26. Aubrey Boomer defeated Archie Compston by one stroke in the play-off for the French Open Golf Championship at St. Cloud to-day, returning a card of 141, as against Compston's 142.

Brilliant play was exhibited by both players. At the end of the morning round, they were level, both going round in 71.

In the afternoon, play fluctuated very little. Boomer did 70, and Compston took one stroke more.

PREMIER & GENERAL DAWES.

FINAL CONVERSATION HELD YESTERDAY.

London, Sept. 26.

General Dawes, the American Ambassador, called upon the Premier at Downing Street to-day and remained with him for considerably over an hour.

The Premier leaves for America to-morrow, and it is understood that he and the Ambassador had their final conversation regarding his mission.—*British Wireless*.

USE OF WIRELESS IN MEDICINE.

SECOND OPINION OBTAINED OVER 5,000 MILES.

Berlin, Sept. 26. A photograph of a diseased eye sent by the wireless photo system to Buenos Aires from Berlin, enabled a famous eye specialist at Buenos Aires to inform a colleague in Berlin that the disease was incurable and that the patient must die.

The specialists discussed the case by radio-telephone.—*Reuter*.

THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN PARLEY.

TWO HOURS' CONVERSATION YESTERDAY.

London, Sept. 26.

M. Dovgalevsky, the Soviet Envoy, met Mr. Arthur Henderson, British Foreign Secretary, at the Foreign Office again this morning and a further conversation of two hours' duration took place this afternoon.

No statement was issued.—*British Wireless*.

LATEST MUI-TSAI PROSECUTION.

WOMAN CHARGED ON TWO COUNTS.

STORY OF GIRL WHO SOUGHT TO END HER LIFE.

RESENTED REPROACH.

Because she had been reproached by her mistress, Chau Ching-ku, aged 12 years, said to be a *mai-tsei*, told Mr. A.W.G.H. Grantham, at the Central Police Station this morning, that she became considerably upset and threw herself into the harbour.

This statement was made in the course of proceedings against Mrs. Fung Kwan-tai, the wife of a butcher at Salvington Market, who is charged with taking a *mai-tsei* into employment and with ill-treating her, contrary to Sections 4 and 6 respectively of the Mui-Tsai Ordinance.

For the Secretariat of Chinese Affairs, Mr. H.R. Butters said his case was that the girl was a *mai-tsei* employed by the defendant for domestic service and that the fact that she attempted suicide raised the presumption that she had been ill-treated.

Mental Distress

Dr. T.W. Ware, of the Government Civil Hospital, reporting the results of an examination which he made of the girl on September 19, after her rescue from the harbour, deposed that he found her very much agitated and mentally distressed. She broke into outbursts of weeping and at times was unable to answer questions. She was given food but would not take it, and at length was ordered to bed.

According to reports from the nursing staff, the girl slept very little that night, and, when examined by witness again in the morning, her mental condition appeared to be a little worse. Her physical condition was generally good.

Replying to Mr. Butters, witness would not say the girl was "a mental subject."

Asked to account for the girl's distress, witness further said that he was given to understand that she had been taken from the harbour. The shock of the immersion might have caused her mental condition, but she should have recovered entirely from it after the night's rest.

Girl's Two Versions

The girl gave two explanations to witness of how she came to be in the water. She first told him that she had been given two hours of duty and spent it in watching people fishing from the sea-wall. She had then slipped and accidentally fell into the water. The following morning, she gave another explanation, saying that a neighbour (not her mistress) had been bickering her for the past two months on a matter connected with the water shortage, to the degree that she could endure it no longer and so she resolved to end all arguments by taking her life.

The girl was so distressed as she made this statement, that he had asked her to stop.

"So Tired."

Replying to his Worship, Dr. Ware stated that the girl said she attempted to take her life because she was "so tired." He was of the definite opinion that the girl should get away from her old surroundings after this. There must always be a reason for a girl of her age wanting to commit suicide, but if she had been scolded very severely or given a good shaking, he did not think that that would be a sufficient reason.

Constable Mahomed Alf. Khan said that while on duty on the waterfront, on the evening of September 19, his attention was drawn to what appeared to him to be the unconscious form of a girl floating in the water near the seawall, opposite French Street. He drew it in, with a piece of rope taken from a sampan. Subsequently, the girl was taken to the Police Station.

Document Found.

Sub-Inspector Post, attached to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, deposed to certain investigations which he commenced (Continued on Page 14.)

London's Oldest Stipendiary.

MR. MEAD RETIRING AFTER FORTY YEARS.

REMARKABLE CAREER.

London, Sept. 26. A notable figure of London life is passing into retirement in the person of Mr. Frederick Mead, the famous Magistrate of Marlborough Street Police Court.

Mr. Mead has intimated to the Home Office his intention of vacating his magistracy this week, and to-morrow he will sit at the Court for the last time.

He is eighty-two years of age and the oldest occupant of any chair of Justice in the country.

Mr. Mead was called to the Bar sixty years ago, and forty years have passed since he became the Magistrate at Marlborough Street Court. In that long period, thousands of offenders of every type and every nationality have come before him for judgment.

In one case, in which Chief Preventive Officer Clark prosecuted, a Chinese walking along Connaught Road Central with three yams of taro root in his possession was stopped and searched by Revenue Officers. On examination, the taro roots were found to have been scooped out and 40 taels of opium were found in the cavities thus made.

A fine of \$4,800, or 12 months' hard labour, was imposed.

OPIUM SMUGGLING DODGES.

INGENIOUS MEANS OF CONCEALMENT.

DRUG HIDDEN IN HOLLOWED ROOTS & FIREWOOD.

COMPRADEORE'S CASE.

Ingenious methods of concealing contraband opium from the notice of Revenue Officers were described to Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Magistracy this morning, when several Chinese were charged with the possession of various quantities of the drug.

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Anxiety was felt for the reason that the supply of petrol in the machines gave them a flight range of only two and a half hours.

Later, however, it transpired that the flight had made a safe landing in a field near Buckie, on the coast of Banffshire.

It is learned that each of the pilots made an excellent landing, which involved a considerable feat of piloting in view of the restricted space.—*British Wireless*.

FIVE AEROPLANES LOST IN FOG.

NAVAL PILOTS' ADVENTURE IN N. SCOTLAND.

A REMARKABLE FEAT.

London, Sept. 26.

The sudden descent of a thick fog which completely enveloped the Moray Firth, where the naval forces in the extreme north of Scotland are stationed, gave rise to considerable alarm for the safety of a flight of five aeroplanes attached to the Fleet Air Arm to-day.

They were carrying out manoeuvres in the district when the fog swept across without the slightest warning, the machines being lost with nothing to guide them back to their base.

Anxiety was felt for the reason that the supply of petrol in the machines gave them a flight range of only two and a half hours.

Later, however, it transpired that the flight had made a safe landing in a field near Buckie, on the coast of Banffshire.

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TERRIBLE BANDIT ATROCITIES.

DETAILS OF OUTRAGE AT LIAOTANG.

BODIES OF PRIESTS HACKED TO PIECES.

RETribution LACKING.

A terrible story of bandit atrocity is revealed by the grim details just received of the manner in which the Right Rev. Bishop Trudo Jans, and Fathers Bruno and Rupertus met their deaths at Liaotang, a small town in the province of Hupeh, recently.

A Reuter message from Hankow this morning states that investigation of the outrage has revealed that the victims were foully murdered, under particularly revolting circumstances, the bandits apparently being enraged by the fact that their raid for the purpose of robbery had brought them little reward.

The bodies of the Franciscans were literally hacked to pieces with swords and lances, a ghastly scene greeting the eyes of the individual who discovered the crime.

The sufferings of Father Bruno, who lingered for several hours in spite of terrible wounds, must have been horrible in the extreme.

Chinese Supine.

Reuter adds that in spite of the protests of the Belgian authorities, no attempt has yet been made by the Chinese authorities to apprehend those responsible for the outrage, while the Mission at Ichang has been unable to recover the bodies as the district is still infested with "Spirit Soldiers."

Fanatics Responsible.

These "Spirit Soldiers" are a fanatical organisation similar in many respects to the "Red Spears" of Honan.

The affair occurred in the evening of September 9th soon after Bishop Trudo Jans, who was Vicar Apostolic of Hupeh and had charge of the Franciscan Procurator's work in the province, had learned for the first time of the murder of one of his colleagues, Father Thibault Clodts.

House and Church Looted.

They then rushed the building, killed Father Rupertus at once and left. Father Bruno lying in agony, mortally wounded. Three Chinese catechists were also slain.

The house and church were looted, everything of value, including the chalice and sacred vessels, being taken away.

Before their departure, not content with having murdered the priests, they mutilated the bodies, hacking them with their swords and spears.

All Belgians.

All three of the victims were from Limberg, Belgium, and both the French and Belgian authorities have lodged strong protests with the Chinese Government.

The Franciscan Mission has suffered the loss of seven of its priests in the interior since 1923, all of them having been brutally murdered.

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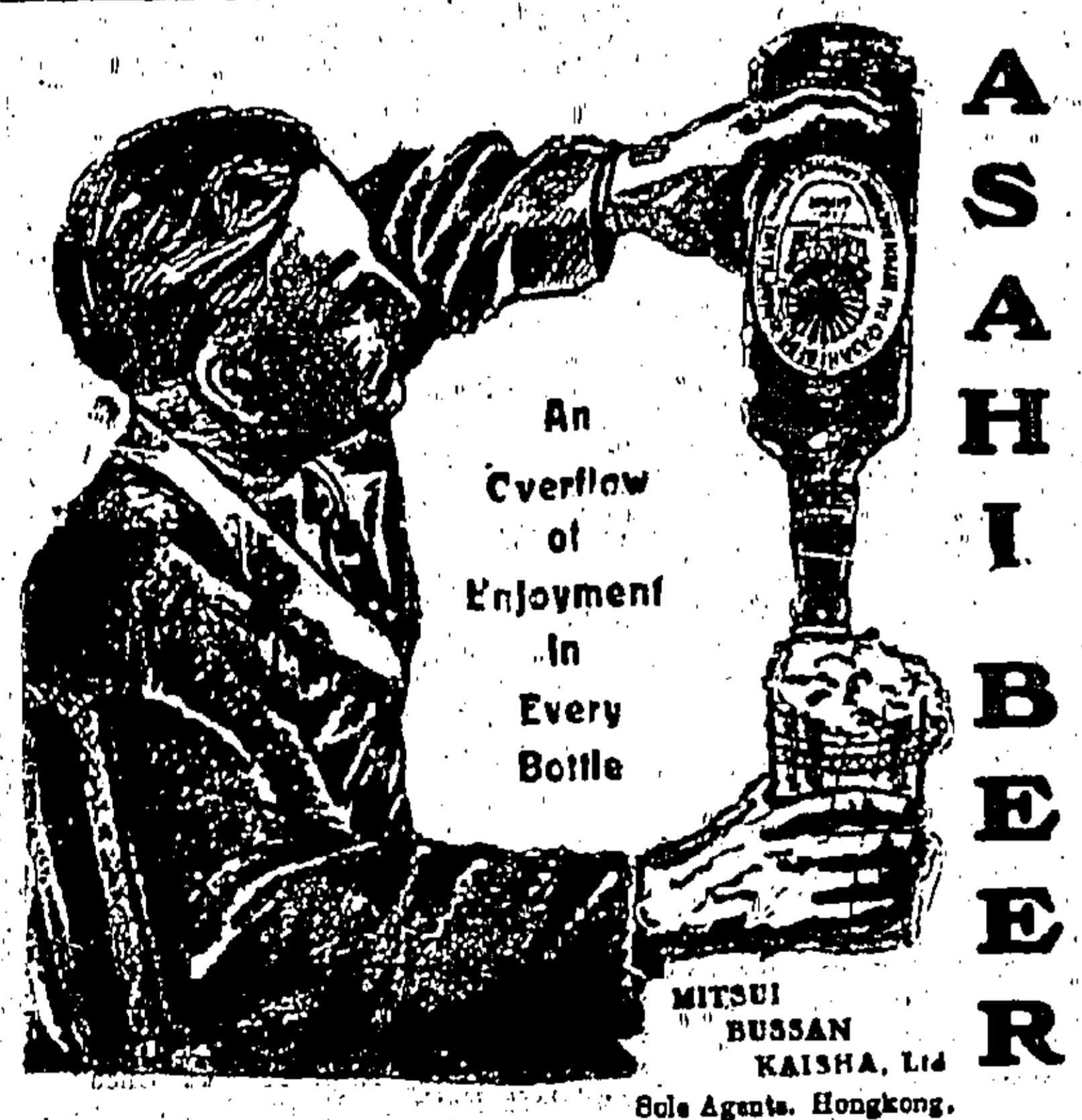
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WHAT CONSTITUTES RAGS?

MAGISTRATE ADHERES TO FORMER DECISION.

The singlet clippings straight from the factory did not constitute rags within the meaning of the Public Health Ordinance was the finding of Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon, his Worship adhering to a previous decision given in a case which came before him some months ago.

The case concerned the discovery of material which had come straight from the factory but which was being stored on premises that were not licensed for an offensive trade. The occupier was accordingly summoned before his Worship but was discharged on the prosecution failing to satisfy the Court that the material constituted "rags."

Mr. L. R. Andrewes appeared for the Crown and Mr. J. M. Remedios represented the defendant.

His Worship said that with regard to the question of the definition of rags he had been misquoted in the Press. His definition of rags in the last case was something torn or worn and not something torn and worn.

In the last case evidence had been given by Dr. Fawcett, and his evidence was very much to the effect that cloth picking was injurious to the health of workmen because of the dust that got into the atmosphere and into the lungs, but it would be more injurious if the cloth were dirty.

As far as his Worship could make out his evidence was more to the effect that cloth picking was injurious to the health. In spite of that, his Worship had to go by the terms of the Ordinance because he held that the Ordinance did not say anything about cloth picking.

If taken from the point of view of rag storing, continued his Worship, he thought that the case for the defence was even stronger. He pointed out that the storing of chippings from factories was no more objectionable than the storing of new singlets.

His Worship intimated that the prosecution would have to show that what constituted rags in the Home law also constituted rags according to the local law.

Crown's Case.

Mr. Andrewes prefaced his arguments by drawing his Worship's attention to the Public Health Ordinance, mentioning certain by-laws which he said were also relevant. They were relevant to show that the Legislature was particularly anxious that anybody who carried on the offensive trade of rag picking should conduct their business properly and take out a license so that the premises came within the supervision of the authorities.

In substantiation of his contention that the material found on the defendant's premises constituted rags within the meaning of the Ordinance, Mr. Andrewes quoted the case of Cooper v. Swift, in which it was held that the word "rags" under the Rag Flock Act was not limited to rags which had become polluted or had come in contact with animal or human life.

The similarity of the Home Act and the local Ordinance was that neither defined what constituted rags and it was necessary to look for a judicial ruling.

His Worship remarked that the case mentioned referred to flock manufactured from rags.

Mr. Andrewes argued that flock could not be manufactured from rags unless a person had rags in his possession.

Continuing, Mr. Andrewes said that they could not limit the meaning of rags to something worn or torn. The definition had a broader meaning than that.

Standard of Cleanliness.

Referring to the authority quoted Mr. Andrewes said that the object of the Act was really to prevent the sale or storage of rag flock unless it complied with a certain standard of cleanliness, and it had been argued in that case, and in a case which would be quoted, that the flock, although it did not com-

ply with the standard of cleanliness, was not manufactured from rags and the definition of the word "rag" then became of all importance in each of the cases.

His Worship pointed out that the Judge found that the flock was made from rags "without attempting to define what are rags."

Mr. Andrewes submitted that what the Judge meant by that was that he was not going to give an exhaustive list of what were or were not rags. In the second case quoted it was held that clippings from new and uncontaminated materials constituted rags.

Answering a remark from the Bench, Mr. Andrewes contended that it did not matter whether the material passed the mark of cleanliness or not. It had to be a rag before a conviction could be obtained.

The Home Act.

His Worship: According to the Home Act if it had been a rag and passed the test of cleanliness it would have been all right?

Mr. Andrewes: Yes.

His Worship: Well that makes all the difference.

Mr. Andrewes replied that the state of cleanliness of the rag was quite immaterial. The question was what were rags? It was not limited to something torn from a garment which had come in contact with the body.

His Worship replied that what the Crown wanted was to have the Ordinance amended. That was what had struck his Worship very much with Dr. Fawcett's evidence. Cloth picking was injurious to health and therefore what Dr. Fawcett would like to see was that cloth picking should be made an offensive trade. It was really the picking that he objected to.

Mr. Andrewes said that there could be perfectly clean rags, but the Ordinance said that whether they were clean or dirty it was offensive.

Mr. Andrewes pointed out that clean rags could soon become dirty, although he was not alleging that the rags were dirty in the present case.

His Worship remarked that in the cases quoted the prosecution was in a much stronger position than Mr. Andrewes, because in each of those cases the material did not pass the test of cleanliness.

The Local Law.

Mr. Andrewes agreed with his Worship that there would be no prosecution in the cases quoted if the material had passed the tests of cleanliness. According to the Home Act, in order to be offensive the material had to be dirty as well as rags, but in order to be offensive in Hongkong the material need only be rags.

Before sitting down Mr. Andrewes mentioned that all he was asking for was a conviction because it was considered that the Ordinance did not require amending.

Mr. Remedios based his arguments on the standard of cleanliness and pointed out that the cases quoted referred to flock. He submitted that they, therefore, did not apply to the case before his Worship.

The Decision.

In giving his decision his Worship said:

"I hold that what was decided in the case of Cooper v. Swift and Balmford v. Caburn was that if the flock did not pass the standard of cleanliness it would be no defence to say that the flock was not manufactured from rags that had become polluted through human contact.

The defence in these cases argued that rags are things which have been so polluted.

I have not held that a rag must be a thing polluted by human contact. If in the two cases referred to it had been proved that the material from which the flock was made was clean I think the decision of the learned judges would have been different, but there was in both cases the *prima facie* and admitted evidence that the flock had not passed the test of cleanliness.

There was therefore a presumption that the material from which the flock was made had been dirty.

The learned judges in these cases did not, I think, really define rags, not at least to the extent of giving a definition that would apply to any

MUI-TSAI CASE.

HON. DR. S. W. TS'O GIVES EXPERT OPINION.

The views of the Hon. Dr. S. W. Ts'o as an expert on the *mui-tsei* question, were sought in the case which has been before Mr. T. M. Hazlerigg for some time, concerning the status of a 7-year-old girl who was found living with a family in Elgin Street. In a notable production running into 16 typewritten pages, Dr. Ts'o expounded his conception of the conditions of a *mui-tsei* in China, and answered 22 specific questions which were put to him. Certain portions relevant to the points at issue were quoted in the decision of the Court given yesterday afternoon.

The defendants in the case were:

Mrs. Li Wong-shi, of No. 20, Hollywood Road, who was charged (a) with taking a *mui-tsei* into her employment; (b) with taking a girl of 7 as a female domestic servant; and (c) with transferring the *mui-tsei* to—

Mrs. Wong Young-shi, of 49, Elgin Street, who was charged with taking the *mui-tsei* into her employment; while—

Wong Yin-kai, her son, was charged with common assault and ill-treatment of the girl.

Mr. A. E. Hall appeared for the first defendant, while Mrs. Wong and her son were represented by Mr. Hin-shing Lo.

Continuing testimony interrupted by the last adjournment, Mrs. Li Wong-shi said that when she arranged for the girl to stay with Mrs. Wong Young-shi, who was a distant cousin of hers, the position was clearly understood between the two women that the girl was to remain her (Li's) adopted daughter. It was not a fact that the girl was being transferred.

Interposing, Mr. Hin-shing Lo said that the position was also to be clearly understood from the relationship between the two women and the anxiety of the one to extend her hospitality to the other.

Mr. Hazlerigg replied that on the point of transfer of the girl he was in favour of Mr. Lo's client. So far as Mrs. Wong Young-shi was concerned, she had no case to answer, and the charge of taking the *mui-tsei* into her employment would be dismissed.

A Plea of Guilty.

With regard to the charge of assault against her son, Mr. Lo entered a plea of guilty and, in extenuation of the offence, pointed to the precocity of the girl, who had been caught committing thefts. With the care of the whole household on his shoulders, the young man found it incumbent on him to chastise the girl after she had been discovered committing one of these offences. Mr. Lo urged that the punishment was not unduly severe and was justified by the circumstances.

Mr. Hazlerigg replied he saw no justification for the extent to which the assault was carried, and which he considered was very serious in view of the girl's position. But as the young man had pleaded guilty and thrown himself upon the mercy of the Court, he would take it into consideration.

A fine of \$50 was imposed on the charge of assault.

Dealing with the remaining defendant, Mrs. Li Wong-shi, the Magistrate said he had carefully considered the evidence and the position appeared to him to be quite clear. It was established, in the first place, that a sum of money (\$95 or \$190, the amount being in dispute) was paid by Mrs. Li Wong-shi to the girl's parent; that upon the transfer of the girl, Mrs. Li Wong-shi received a document, which Dr. S. W. Ts'o informed the Court, was in the form used as a deed on the presentation of a *mui-tsei*. The character appearing on the document to describe such transfer was used for the word "presentation" and Dr. Ts'o said

legislation except the Rag Flock Act 1911.

In this case the prosecution seem to want me to say that cloth picking is an offensive trade and this I have no authority for doing. I must accordingly dismiss the summons.

CRISIS IN AUSTRIA.

HERR SCHOBER ACCEPTS THE CHANCELLORSHIP.

Vienna, Sept. 26. The Chancellor, Dr. Streeruwitz's, resignation was unexpected. One of the chief reasons was his recognition that the Government was unable to muster sufficient Parliamentary support to proceed with the disarmament of the two opposing parties, the Fascists and Socialists, whose frequent armed mass demonstrations have aroused the fear of a revolutionary upheaval.

His resignation followed a conference with Parliament leaders of the majority parties, at which Dr. Streeruwitz himself suggested that Herr Schober be his successor. General satisfaction and confidence are felt at the latter's prompt acceptance, in view of four great Fascist marches outside Vienna arranged for September 29, while seven hundred Socialist meetings have been arranged between the Fascist centre and the capital.

that that character at once distinguished the relationship between a mistress and a *mui-tsei*.

No Intention to Adopt.

The two women defendants put the girl to certain light household work, which admittedly did not amount to menial work in the advanced sense in which that word was used nowadays, but his Worship did not believe that in the full sense of the word "adoption" Mrs. Li Wong-shi had any intention to adopt the child. She had said that she always treated and regarded the child as her own daughter, notwithstanding the fact that she was staying with Mrs. Wong Young-shi, which, again, according to Dr. Ts'o, was entirely consistent with the position of a *mui-tsei*.

It was argued that the girl had adopted the name of her mistress, but there again, they had Dr. Ts'o's opinion that the adoption of the same surname was not uncommon to *mui-tsei*.

All the contentions of the defence that the relationship of the girl to Mrs. Li Wong-shi was other than *mui-tsei*, said his Worship, must fall to the ground. The evidence on the whole was convincing of her being a *mui-tsei*. Mrs. Li Wong-shi must, therefore, be convicted of taking a *mui-tsei* into her employment on November 4, 1924.

His Worship dismissed the other charges.

Much Criticism Unmerited.

"Before proceeding to pass any sentence on the first charge," his Worship said, "I propose to consider the position of the child in this case. I have read through the evidence very carefully and I must find as a fact that Mrs. Li Wong-shi treated this *mui-tsei* in a kind manner. She was well-housed, well-fed and well-treated as a member of the family and in accordance with the Chinese tradition that a *mui-tsei* should be treated as a member of the family."

His Worship went on to say that the *mui-tsei* system was one which had come in for much criticism. If they were to accept Dr. Ts'o's opinions, it seemed to him (the Magistrate) that much of the criticism was unmerited.

His Worship inflicted a fine of \$25, pointing out that this was a small penalty, much smaller than he had imposed in the last *mui-tsei* case brought before him.

Concerning the disposal of the child, Mr. Hall said Mr. H. R. Butters, who prosecuted on behalf of the S.C.A., could have her if he wanted.

Mr. Butters: I am exceedingly grateful in my official capacity.

Before the close of the case, Mr. Butters expressed his thanks and gratitude to Dr. Ts'o for the assistance which he had received from him.

His Worship associated himself with Mr. Butters' remarks and suggested that the Press might conveniently convey this expression of their indebtedness to Dr. Ts'o.

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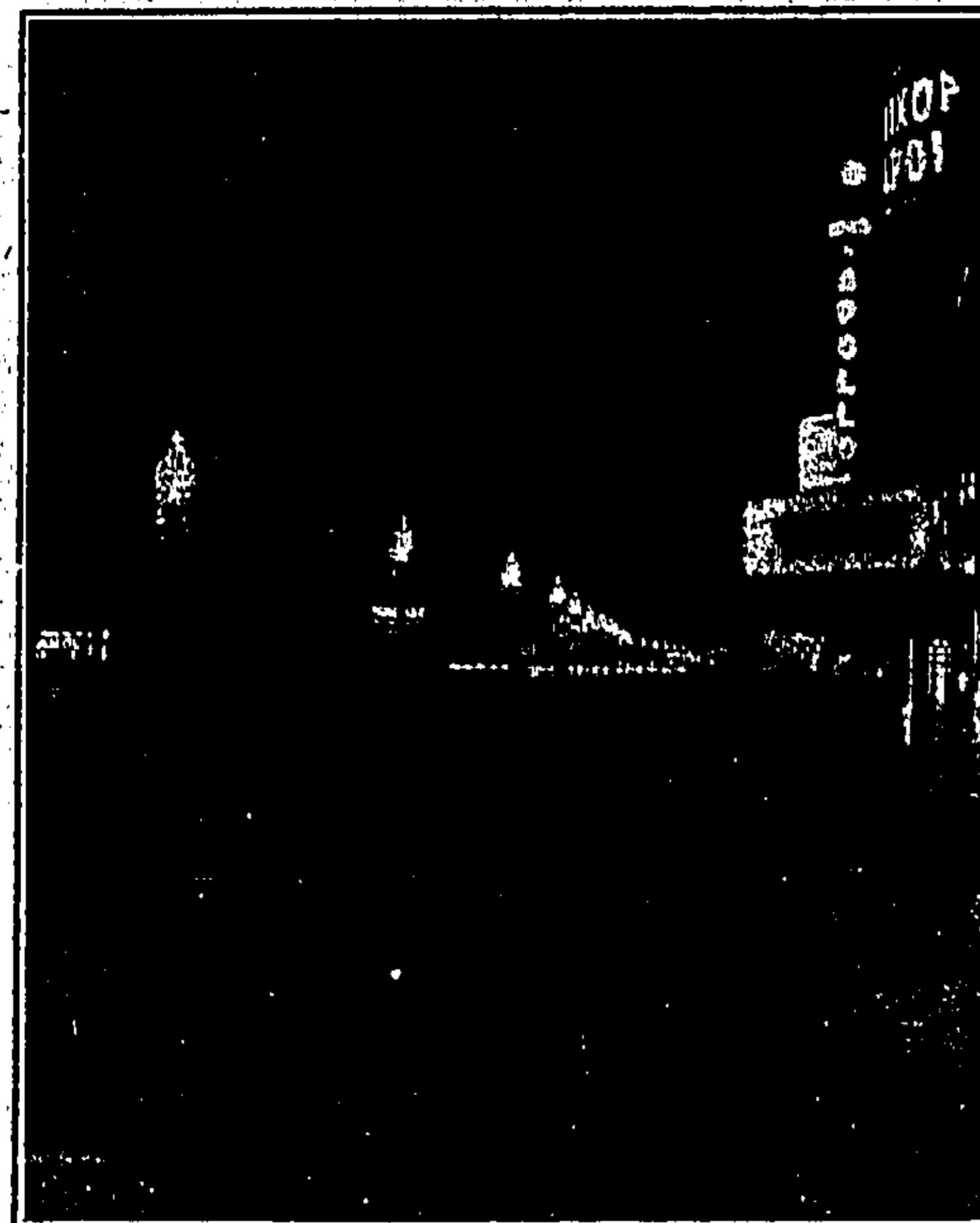
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SALESMAN SAM



Tramp, Tramp, Tramp!

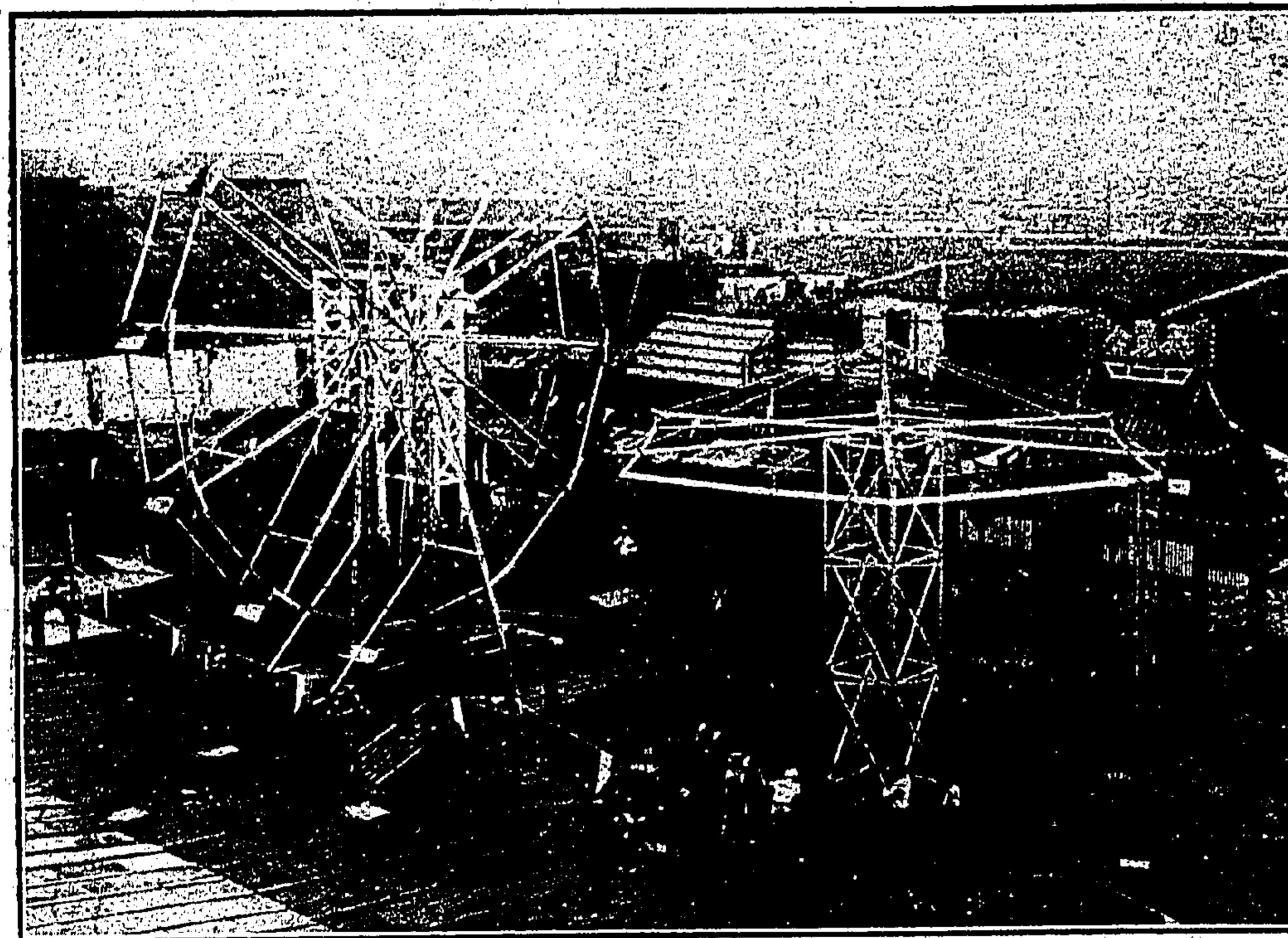




The famous boardwalk of Atlantic City, New Jersey, as it appeared on the occasion of Light's Golden Jubilee.



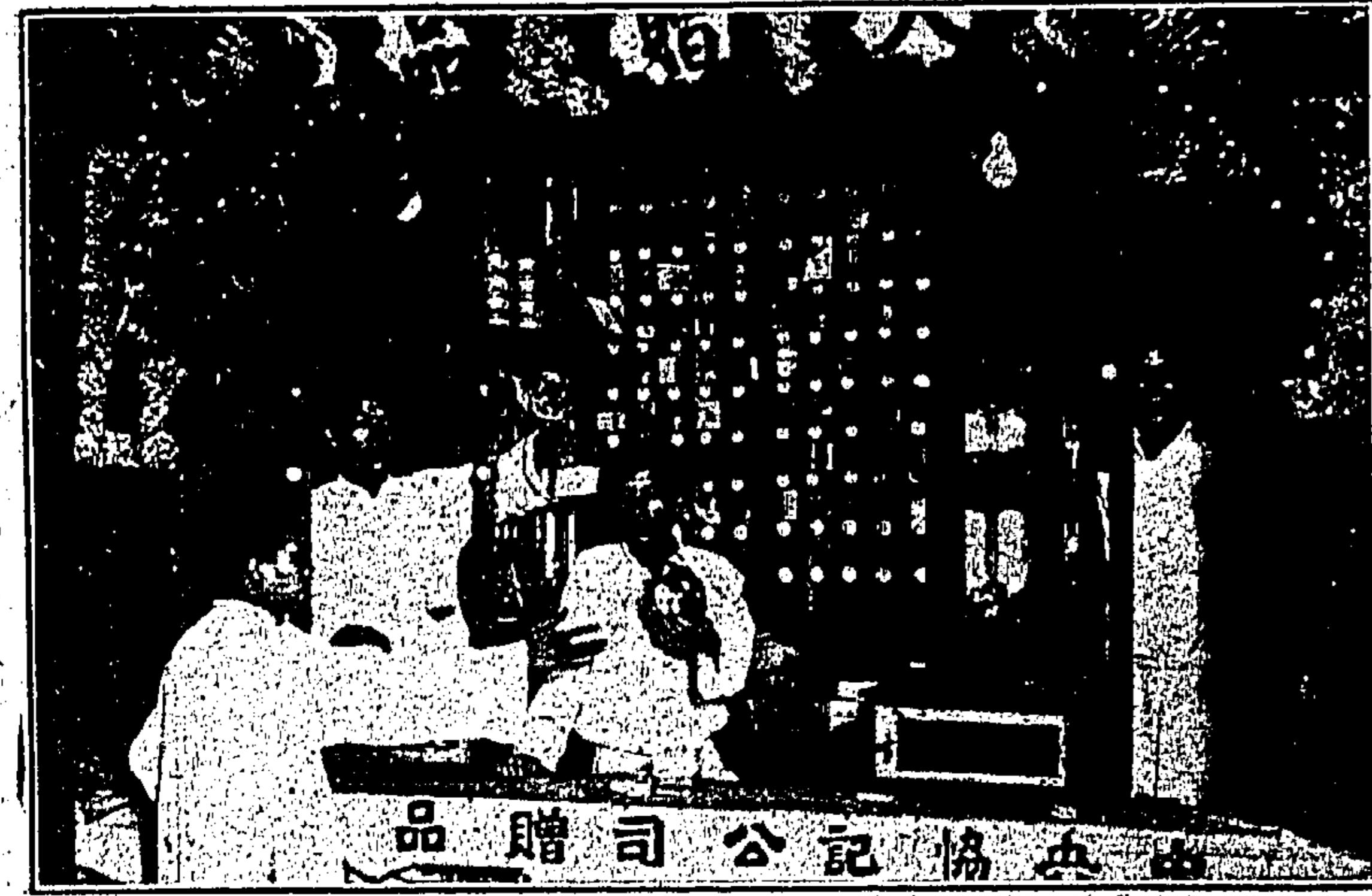
Photo taken in Shanghai on the Race Course recently when a special parade of the Fourth Regiment, United States Marines was held in honour of Lieut. Col. Frederick D. Gilgore. The photograph, given by courtesy of the U. S. Marine Corp., shows, left to right, Major A. B. Drum, Lieut. Col. F. D. Gilgore and Colonel C. H. Lyman reviewing the Regiment.



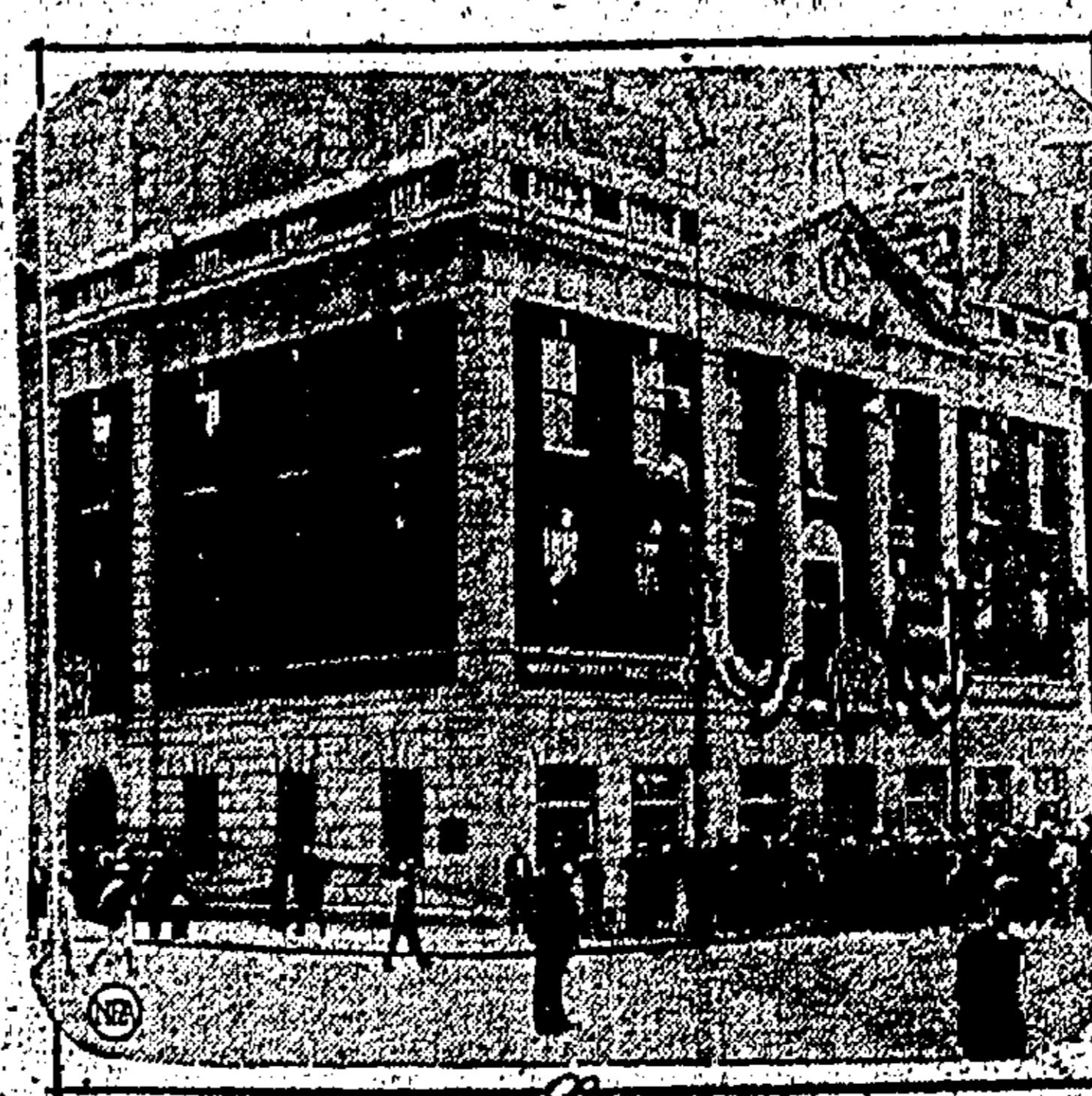
A general view of Shanghai's edition of Coney Island which has been opened on the roof garden of the New World on the corner of Nanking and Thibet Roads. The shows includes a merry-go-round, a merry mix-up, a whip, and Ferris wheel, a motor drome, a fat girl show, a flea circus, a high diving act, and sword swallowers among a host of attractions.



Above is shown Mr. E. K. Fernandes, "the Barnum of Hawaii" who has converted the New World in Shanghai into a great amusement park. The stunt is being run in connexion with a Charity Exposition in aid of the Chinese Mission to Lepers.



The Shanghai edition of Coney Island is proving a magnet to crowds, with its assorted attractions. Above is shown a "Take-a-Chance" competition, numbers of which are being widely advertised.



The new hall recently constructed by the political "bosses" of New York. This is Tammany Hall.

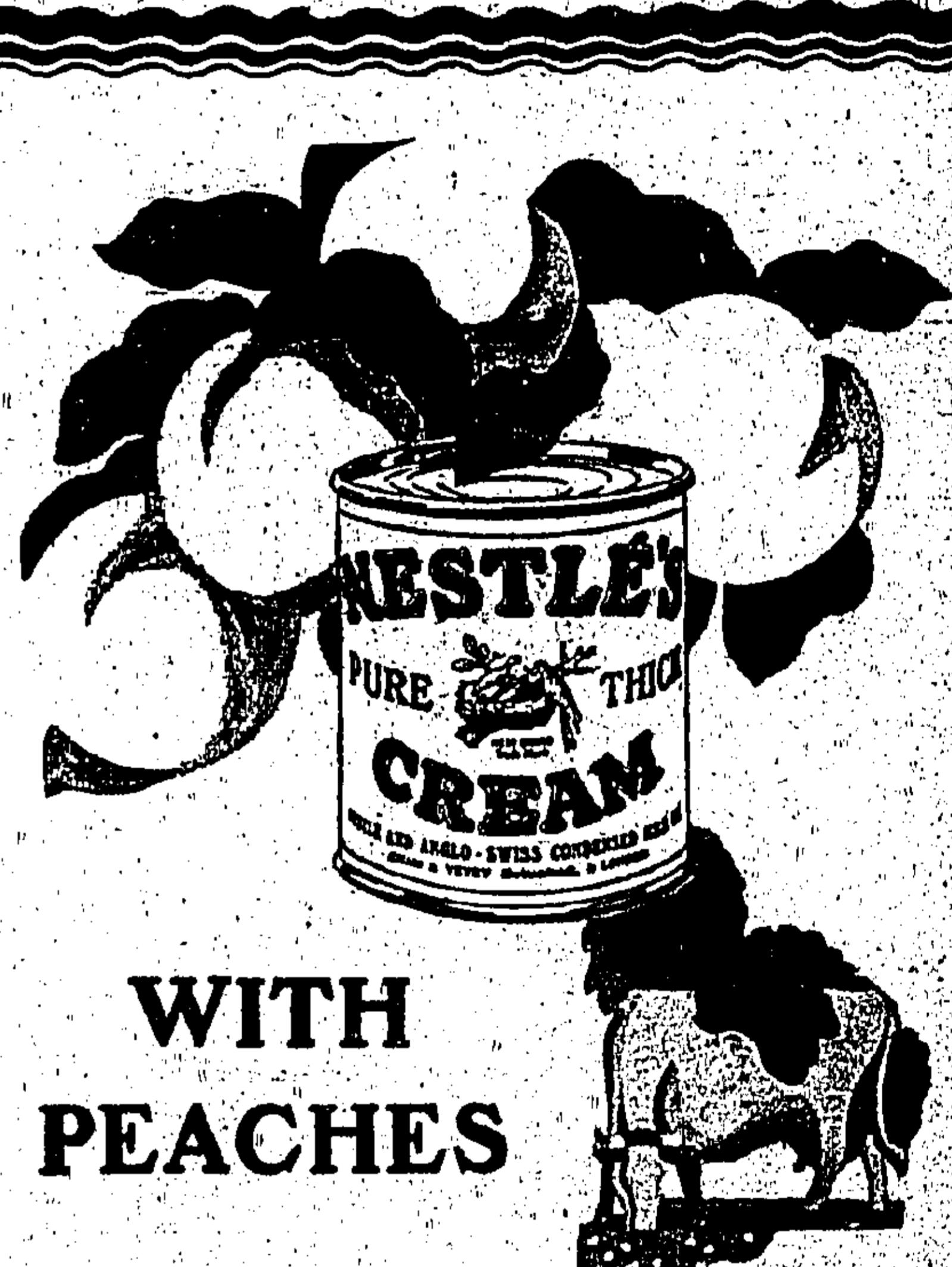
SEASONABLE SUITINGS



Fine Cashmeres, worsteds and light-weight wool flannels suitable for October wear are now on show. There is a large range of neat designs in greys, fawns, drabs and fancy mixtures, the beauty and fine quality of which must be seen to be fully appreciated.

May we have the pleasure?

MACKINTOSH AND CO., LIMITED.



To give anyone peaches and not give them cream is like lending a love story with the last chapter lost, and you really have no excuse for disappointing people either way.

Have Nestle's Cream, which is the most nutritious part of the milk from sleek, pasture fed cows.

Keep a few tins in the store cupboard. Always fresh and ready to serve. And the Cream—always delicious!

NESTLES RICH THICK CREAM

Three sizes 1 1/2 oz., 6 1/2 oz., 4 oz. tins.

Whiteaways

THE "TUDOR" SOFT FELT HAT



THE "OR" TUD FELT HAT.

A smart shaped British-made Wool Felt Hat. Various shades of Fawn, Grey or Brown.

Marvelous Value.

STANDARD VALUE PRICE

\$4.50

ONE OF WHITEAWAY'S STANDARD MODELS
MADE ESPECIALLY FOR
WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS — ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

295, 301, 303, 306, 312, 344, 363, 371, 374, 376, 381, 385, 411, 426, 427, 443, 445, 455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 486, 505, 512, 515, 547, 555, 557.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Chinese Timekeeper for large Works in Hongkong. Experience essential. Apply Secretary, P. O. Box No. 22.

Mechanical Draughtsmen (Chinese) required for service in Mire (Sarawak). Only qualified men need apply. For further particulars apply, with copies of references, to Post Office Box 228 or No. 7 Floor, Asiatic Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

European with good knowledge of local Import and Export Trade seeks position. A thorough knowledge of the Chinese language. Keen and in every way reliable. Excellent credentials. Willing to start on small salary. Hongkong preferred, but would consider Outports. Please write care of Box No. 562, "Hongkong telegraph."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—12 Bore Double Barreled hammerless gun by well known Birmingham maker. Nearly new. Price complete with fitted leather case \$150, or near offer apply. H.M.S. Seraph R.N. Dockyard.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIDZU.
MASSEUR S. HONDA.
MASSEUR S. KISAKI.

Recommended for many years by Government, Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and by all the local doctors.

No. 24, Wyndham Street. Tel. C.4244.

EXPERT MASSEUR.
Madame E. AKAJI.
Madame H. MORITA.

125, Praya East, (1st floor). Tel. No. C2181. Cures Rheumatism, Nervousness and all kinds of chronic ailments.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.

Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS.

with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two lifts.

Apply to—

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sang Kee, same Building.

TO LET.—No. 3, King's Park Buildings, Austin Road, Kowloon, 4 roomed FLAT with modern conveniences. Apply The Union Trading Co., Ltd., York Building, Hongkong.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

VICTOR PRIVATE HOTEL, HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON, rooms with full board from \$55. to \$130 per month, double rooms for 2 persons with full board from \$180 per month, daily rates from \$4 per day. European management. Excellent credentials. Willing to start on small salary. Hongkong preferred, but would consider Outports. Please write care of Box No. 562, "Hongkong telegraph."

G. R. NOTICE.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 30th day of September, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Shamshui Po, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

Plot No.	Area in acres	Boundary Measurements	Locality	Conveyance	Surface	Land	Open Price
New Kowloon 1 Land	1000	As per sale plan.	New Kowloon 1 Land	1000	116	97.50	
New Kowloon 1 Land	1000	As per sale plan.	New Kowloon 1 Land	1000	116	97.50	

CHINESE RECREATION CLUB.

OPEN MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

Entries will be closed on the 30th September, 1929, instead of the 26th as previously announced.

THE CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO. (1918), LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from 1st October, 1929, the Company's rates for electricity supplied will be as follows:—

per Unit

For Lighting 18 Cents

For Power 7 Cents

SHEWAN, TOME & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 25th Sept., 1929.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Sixth Extra Race Meeting to be held on Monday, 14th October, 1929, (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Shamshui Po, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

Entries close at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, 30th September, 1929.

MRS. SEKAI

MASSAGE

6, Wyndham Street, 1st floor, Hongkong.

MRS. MOTONO

HAND & ELECTRIC

MASSAGE

No. 31B, Top Floor, Wyndham St., Hongkong.

MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse

37, Queen's Road C, 2nd floor.

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Watson's



IS UNEQUALLED—WHETHER AS
A REFRESHING NON-ALCOHOLIC
BEVERAGE—OR COMBINED WITH
WHISKY, BRANDY OR GIN.

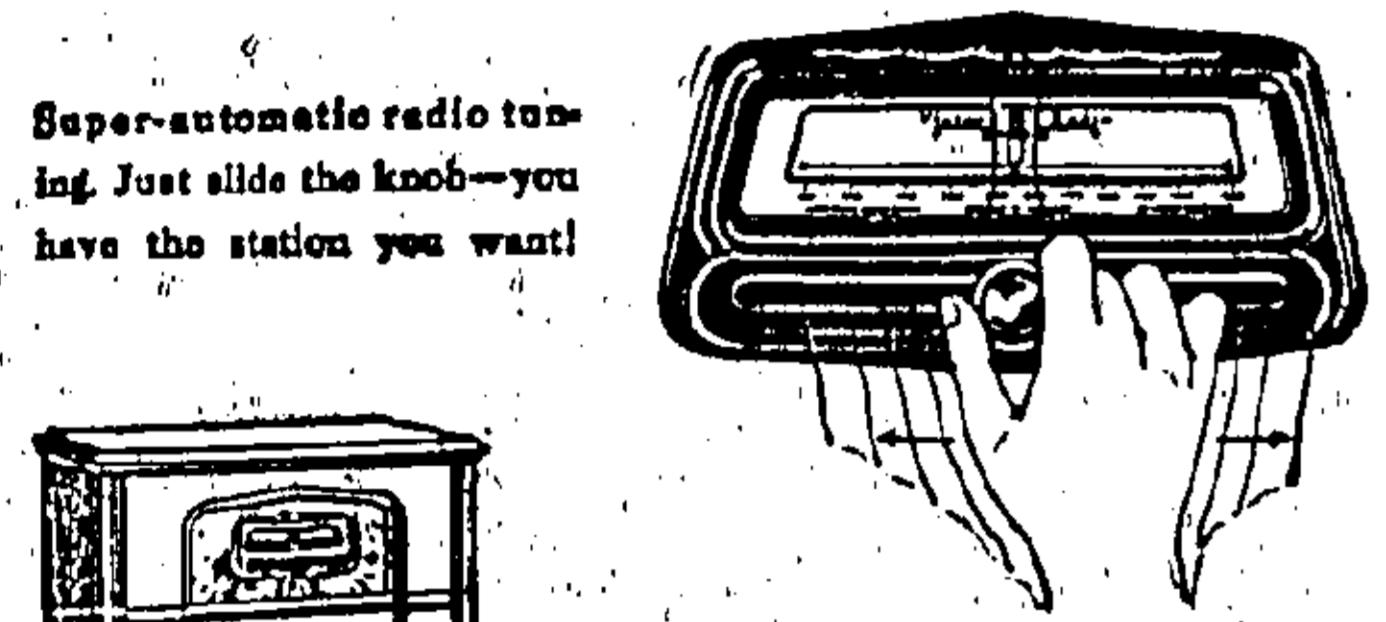
Prepared from our own special formula.

NO HOUSE SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS
ESTABLISHED 1841.

Victor startled the World

Super-automatic radio tuning. Just slide the knob—you have the station you want!



VICTOR-RADIO CONSOLE
K-2
COMPACT
\$385.00 Net

Micro-synchronous radio brings to the music lover musical entertainment far surpassing anything before known from radio. Unparalleled ease of tuning—"Acoustic symmetry"—perfect reproduction over the entire scale! An instrument we are proud to offer.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.
(VICTOR DISTRIBUTORS)
Chater Road.

CRICKET

Bats by:—

JACK HOBBS

A. G. SPALDING

GUNN and MOORE

PATSY HENDREN and

H. GRADIDGE.

BATTING GLOVES

From \$5.00 to 12.50

WICKET KEEPING GLOVES

From \$10.50 to 22.50

WICKET KEEPING GUARDS

"THE STRUDWICK" \$16.50

Also

BAT OIL, RUBBER GRIPS, STUMPS Etc.
BAGS, BALLS and SCORE BOOKS.

REPAIRS
BINDING BATS AND ALL
OTHER REPAIRS THOROUGH-
LY EXECUTED.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET YOUR FRIGIDAIRE



THERE ARE DOMESTIC
MODELS OF FROM FOUR
TO EIGHTEEN CUBIC FEET
STORAGE CAPACITY.

OVER
1,000,000
IN USE THROUGHOUT
THE WORLD.

DODWELL & Co., Ltd.
Sole Distributors
HONG KONG & S. CHINA

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

FRIDAY SEPT. 27, 1929.

THE EXTRALITY DEMAND ANSWERED.

Scarcely a day passes without the provision of further evidence justifying the Treaty Powers in their refusal to agree to the immediate abolition of extraterritorial rights. Within the past week, we have published an account showing the number of atrocities in the interior of China since the beginning of the year in which foreigners had been the victims. This disclosed that no fewer than nine (all missionaries save one) have been murdered by bandits, thirty-two captured and held to ransom, and seven others assaulted and subjected to treatment which only just stopped short of abduction. A point to be emphasised in this connexion is that women and children, as well as men, figured amongst the victims, and that in some instances the most shocking forms of cruelty were indulged in. Moreover, nationals of many countries were the sufferers.

Since that list was compiled, there have been several other instances illustrating the dangers run by foreigners at the hands of bandit gangs in the interior of China, whilst the case of the master of the Norwegian steamer Botnia serves to show that even afloat foreigners are not immune from serious risks. Yesterday we reported the plight in which three members of a German missionary organisation find themselves after being held captive for no less than six weeks. Their captors not only have the audacity to demand two million dollars' ransom, but also throw it in the faces of the missionary body that no efforts either by Germany or by the Canton Government will induce them to give up their prisoners unless the money is paid. They even have the temerity to make elaborate arrangements for payment of the ransom in the British Colony of Hongkong! The situation in which these missionaries find themselves is only aggravated by the fact that Germany is among the nations which have no extraterritorial rights in China. It is pertinent to remark, also, that these perfectly innocent foreigners were carried off not far from a big Chinese city which has a magistrate with troops under his command, and that the bandits are within the jurisdiction of the Kwangtung Government, being less than a hundred miles distant from Swatow. When we take a case like this, it becomes obvious that,

however much Nanking may plead its willingness to grant protection to foreigners, it is absolutely unable to exercise its authority. These are hard facts which no amount of quibbling can overcome. Incidentally, we wonder what the Nanking Government would say if Chinese in foreign countries were kidnapped and murdered to the extent to which they are in China to-day?

If we take the case of Mr. Anderson, the Russian employee of the Chinese Maritime Customs Service, we get another reason why it would be impolitic to bring up extraterritoriality under existing conditions. Unhappily for this victim of Chinese injustice, he belongs to a nation which has given up the privileges of consular jurisdiction, but the circumstances of his imprisonment are such that they might easily befall any other foreigner. For an alleged opium offence, he has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, being thrown into a cell with three Chinese prisoners. Apart from the obvious severity of the sentence, the worst feature of the case is that there was no trial in the real sense of the word. No evidence whatever was called, the accused being promptly sentenced after a statement by his prosecutors. In the face of a case like this, how can China expect to be believed when she says that her Courts can guarantee fair treatment to foreigners? These things happen, let it be noted, not in an out-of-the-way spot in the interior, but actually in a Treaty Port. If justice cannot be secured there, how much less is it likely to be obtained in remote parts of the country?

Hongkong Air Mails.

Almost lost in a wealth of detail regarding the very considerable progress made in all branches of commercial aviation by the Imperial Airways last year, we find a hint by Sir Eric Geddes that mail traffic on the Croydon-Karachi service has not increased with the rapidity anticipated. In view of the fact that the Company looks to air mails to produce their most profitable source of revenue, it is difficult to avoid the inference that the service lacks some qualification essential to complete success, a suggestion which is borne out, we think, by a study of the problem. The weakness of the Indian air-mail, we believe, is the unnecessary limitation placed upon its sphere of influence. The choice of Karachi, far away in the north-west of India, as the Indian terminus is unsound geographically and commercially for various reasons. That this point has been brought home to the Board seems obvious from the negotiations commenced with the Government of India for an extension of the route to Delhi and Calcutta, with the intention, ultimately, of carrying right through to Australia, taking in, we presume, Singapore en route. The enormous improvement which would thus be effected is obvious, and we strongly doubt if the Company would have further cause for complaint. The project is one which, incidentally, will be of material benefit to Hongkong. Under existing arrangements, the advantage of sending letters by air mail from Hongkong to London is extremely problematical. Numerous connections between Hongkong and Karachi have to be picked up, in some cases with a layover of merely an hour or so. If all goes well, it is possible for letters to reach England a week or more before the ordinary steamer route, but a breakdown at any point is liable to throw back the time by a week. The new proposals, however, offer a much more encouraging outlook. The extension of the service to Singapore would bring the Straits Settlements within ten or eleven days of London, and Hongkong correspondingly, within sixteen or seventeen days. There is an alternative suggestion, offering almost equal advantages, namely, that the Karachi service should be extended to Bombay and Colombo, linking up at Ceylon with the Australian and Far East steamers. Combinations of air and steamship services have already been successfully exploited on the Atlantic, and there is no reason why the Indian Ocean should not be given similar facilities. Only one more thing would be required, the exercise of a little initiative by the Hongkong Government to provide for the establishment of a service between Hongkong and Singapore.

A 15-year-old Chinese was ordered by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, to receive twelve strokes of the cane for receiving an iron bar which had been stolen from the Wing On Loong contractors' yard in Nathan Road.

On pleading guilty to a charge of overcrowding four pigs, a Chinese was fined \$12 by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. When shown the crate, his Worship remarked that the pigs must have been squeezed in like sardines.

When charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning with being in possession of nine coconuts reasonably suspected of having been stolen or unlawfully obtained, a Chinese said that they had been given to him by a man on a ship but he did not know the man or the name of the ship. His Worship held that the defendant failed to discharge the onus of proof of his innocence and imposed a fine of \$5 or seven days' hard labour in default.

DAY BY DAY.

EVERY DISABILITY UNDER WHICH WOMEN SUFFER WILL SOONER OR LATER BE REMOVED—Mrs. Eva McLaren.

The loss of a silver watch from his locker in Murray Barracks was reported to the Police yesterday by Pte. Chamelonier of the King's Own Scottish Borderers.

The forthcoming wedding is announced of Lieut. Commander William Guy Loy Cooper, R.N., H.M.S. Bruce, to Miss Mita Patricia Fforde, of Ranagh, Lurgon, Ireland.

Capt. Thomas, residing at No. 1, Kimberley Villas, reported to the Police yesterday the loss of two white cotton jackets which were stolen from the line at the rear of the house.

A young Chinese residing at Shanghai Street was fined \$10 by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for removing earth from the hillside at King's Park without permission.

THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

PAST SEASON REVIEWED IN ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual meeting of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society is to be held at the Cathedral Hall on Monday, October 7th, at 5.30 p.m. Amongst the business to be dealt with will be two proposed amendments of rules, these being:

(a) Delete Rule 19 and substitute "Rule 19.—The Committee shall have power to determine the season's programme, and shall make all arrangements in connexion with the performances and rehearsals."

(b) Amend Rule 23 "The Annual Subscriptions for ordinary members shall be \$4 for gentlemen and \$3 for lady members, payable from the 1st July."

Annual Report.

The annual report states: The membership of the Society numbers 14 Vice-Presidents, six Subscribing Members and 118 Ordinary Members.

The Society assisted in the Tattoo held in aid of the Y.M.C.A. in October.

Six Manila hemp ropes and three anchors valued at \$37, belonging to the Hongkong Excavation Pipe Driving and Construction Co. Ltd., are reported to have been stolen from rafts in Gin Drinker's Bay.

THE "TELEGRAPH" ART SUPPLEMENT.

Interesting Pictures in To-morrow's Issue.

To-morrow's issue of the Telegraph Art Supplement will be found to contain many interesting topical pictures.

In the realm of sport, there will be pictures of players who took part in the matches at the H.K.C.C. lawn tennis "At Home," as well as of Lady Clementi distributing the prizes; a photograph of Honda and Lim Bong-so, who met in the final of the C.A.A. tournament; whilst the football match between South China and the Army, and the polo game between the Somersets and the Typhoons will also be illustrated.

There will also be some charming pictures of Hongkong by day and night, as well as two of the launching of the China Navigation Company's steamer Tai Yuan.

Passengers arriving here this morning by the P. & O. s.s. *Mantua*, from Shanghai, included Major and Mrs. D. G. Cheyne, Mr. H. Glover, Mr. A. J. Linge, Mr. R. T. McDonnell, Mrs. and Miss Macarthur, and Mr. and Mrs. Piers.

On a charge of receiving three butchers' knives and two sharpening steels, the property of a stall holder of the Yaumati Market, a Chinese was fined \$10 or 14 days' hard labour by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

A 15-year-old Chinese was ordered by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, to receive twelve strokes of the cane for receiving an iron bar which had been stolen from the Wing On Loong contractors' yard in Nathan Road.

21 YEARS AGO.

SOME EXTRACTS FROM THE "TELEGRAPH" FILES.

The following extracts are from the Hongkong Telegraph for the week ended September 16th, 1908:

The rate of the dollar on demand was 1s. 9s. 8d.

It was notified that the fees for Queen's College would be \$48 per annum for all classes.

A. E. Thomas, of H.M.S. *Tairan*, won the annual Harbour Race, with C. J. Cooke second and A. V. Barros third.

Mrs. Gresson performed the christening ceremony of the West River patrol cruiser *Kiang Chi*, at Kowloon Docks.

At the V.R.C. annual aquatic sports, C. J. Cooke won the half-mile championship of the Colony. The Club 100 yards championship was won by C. Humphreys, with C. J. Cooke second.

Mr. C. Pemberton was appointed Secretary of the China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

On conviction of a charge of keeping No. 293, Reclamation Street as a common gaming house, an elderly Chinese woman was fined \$100 or two months' hard labour by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. A Chinese, who two previous convictions, was fined \$100 or three months, while a second man was fined \$50 or one month for being found printing "po-piu" lottery tickets on the premises.

The Very Idea!

The Duke of York, who wore a brown tweed coat, grey shorts, and an open shirt, had an enjoyably informal time in his camp at New Bombay, where 400 boys from public schools and industries are spending a week's holiday as his guests.

After sharing the boys' luncheon of roast beef and Yorkshire pudding, followed by gooseberry tart and custard, the Duke started an obstacle relay race, the chief sporting event of the day.

After tea the Duke bathed with the boys, undressing on the beach. On the conclusion of his swim, he was presented with a biscuit, the award for all boys whose heads had been properly ducked.

Supper and a camp sing-song ended a jolly day. The camp jazz band, in which Lord Malcolm Douglas-Hamilton plays the saxophone, gave a spirited performance in a variety of strange costumes, and there was also a farce, "Aunt Matilda," produced by one of the boys. During the sing-song the Duke distributed more biscuits to those who had distinguished themselves.

The foundation stones of the world in the strict sense are unknown.—Professor A. C. Seward.

Referring to one's father as "old bean" is not necessarily a symptom of moral delinquency.—Mr. P. B. Shaw.

No man ought to have a temper at seventy-two years of age. My temper has gone, and I am not sixty yet.—Mr. Bernard Camplin.

The best English accent is lack of accent.—Mr. C. B. Cochran.

Woman follows fashion, but her wanderings keep people—men as well as women—employed. Change of fashion has been among the causes that have brought harm to the cotton trade, although Lancashire had as much chance as any part of England to share in the new opportunities brought by the invention of artificial silk.

Whenever the scientists gather I cook an inquisitive ear.

There's sure, amidst all of their blather,

To be something I'm anxious to hear.

The views that I do not agree with

I promptly and firmly decline;

But there always is somebody willing to see with

An eye like to mine.

He must be an excellent fellow Who pluckily says what he thinks.

That beer when it's well-brewed and mellow

Is surely the best among drinks.

And when remedies plague past enduring

It is something, at least, to be told

That there isn't among them one sure way of curing

The vile, common cold.

When doctors are perfectly candid

I feel that I owe them my thanks.

For brickbats, not bouquets, are handed

To all kinds of faddists and cranks.

But when from real illness I suffer

And the specialists' bill must be met,

Though I know he once wrote himself down as a duffer

I try to forget.

WHO WAS?

Richard

Doubledick.

Rejected by his sweetheart, in trouble with his regiment. Private Richard Doubledick was going to the dogs with a vengeance. He had been confined to cells many a time, and it was quite clear that unless he amended his ways Doubledick would very soon be called upon to endure the disgrace of a regimental flogging.

He was saved from his disreputable life by the strange spiritual beauty which shone in his young captain's eyes. The two went off to the French War together, performing many feats of valour, and it was a grand tradition of the Army that wherever Captain Taunton was to be found there by his side would be Sergeant Richard Doubledick. There were further battles, and then the Army became aware that Ensign Richard Doubledick had

OPIUM DIVAN IN BARRACKS.

ANOTHER MAN BEFORE THE COURT TO-DAY.

MAAK FAAT ESCAPES.

In connexion with the case in which four Chinese employed in Victoria Barracks are said to have taken advantage of the immunity conferred by their military surroundings to maintain an opium divan, as a result of which one of them was formally charged on Tuesday with the possession of a little over a tael of contraband opium and was fined \$25 in respect of a quarter share of the opium. Revenue Officer Grinnitt produced another Chinese before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy this morning. This man was described as one of the men using the room in which the man who was convicted on Tuesday was seen by Corporal W. Blakeborough to pour the contraband into small pots. He was charged with the possession of a quarter share of the opium found in the previous case, as, according to the evidence, four messengers used the room in Victoria Barracks referred to.

Revenue Officer Grinnitt mentioned that the man before the Court was not Maak Faat but the third man seen in the room by Corporal Blakeborough at the time. Apparently, Maak Faat had been arrested and again escaped.

In answer to the charge, the defendant said the opium was the property of the convicted man, who sold the stuff in bottles—20 cents for a large pot and 10 cents for a small one. Defendant claimed to have bought the opium from the man, who was convicted on Tuesday.

His Worship remarked that he did not think there was evidence against the defendant, but there was evidence against Maak Faat in the statement made by the convicted man. In any case, his Worship would give a remand of 24 hours, in order to allow Revenue Officer Grinnitt to make further inquiries fixing bail at \$25.

His Worship, concluding, informed R.O. Grinnitt that unless the latter could obtain more evidence beyond the fact that the defendant was seen in the room concerned, with a woman, it was of no use for him to continue with the case.

RECENT NORTH SEA DISASTER.

A BLACK MASS OF A SHIP LOOMED UP.

Grimby, Aug. 20. Graphic descriptions of the sinking of the Spanish steamer Osono with the loss of 14 lives in the North Sea early on Sunday morning were given at the inquest at Grimby, today, on Norberto Gutierrez, the wireless operator, whose body is the only one so far recovered.

The Osono, a vessel of 2,416 tons came into collision with the British ocean-going tug King's Cross.

Eduardo Ugaldia, second mate of the Osono, who is the only surviving officer, said he was on the bridge with the captain and he saw the lights of a ship about five miles away. He kept on his course waiting for the approaching ship to go to starboard. The other ship kept on its course, and when three-quarters of a mile away he saw its port light.

When the ship would be about a quarter of a mile away he saw the starboard light. Realizing the danger of a collision, he put his wheel hard to starboard, but the other vessel struck him aft on the port side.

He at once ran to the wireless operator's cabin and told him to send a message for help, but he did not think that he would have time to do so before the ship sank. All the Osono's navigation lights were burning at the time of the collision. The Osono was lighted by paraffin.

He saved himself, he added, by climbing on to an upturned lifeboat, along with three others, and was picked up four hours later.

Exceptionally Dark.

Henry Gardner, mate of the King's Cross, said that it was an exceptionally dark night, and he did not see the lights of an approaching ship. The first he saw was the black mass of a ship loom up before him. He ported his helm but a collision occurred.

He tried to keep the nose of the King's Cross in the Osono in order to keep her up, but after striking her port quarter the tug glided off. The Osono sank in five or six minutes. The tug was well lighted by electricity.

Replying to questions, Gardner said that he did not hold any certificates. He did not hear any whistle sounded nor did he sound the tug's whistle.

The Coroner recorded a verdict that death was due to shock from exposure due to the sinking of the ship as the result of a collision.

NO ALARM FELT IN CANTON.

READY FOR EMERGENCY ON WEST RIVER.

AEROPLANES SENT.

Canton, Sept. 26. Canton government circles remain unperturbed by the political situation, although news has come from Wuchow that the situation there is most critical.

The Wuchow authorities have ordered all steamers arriving at and leaving Wuchow to be subjected to a most rigid search.

Martial law has been declared, while the troops of General Luu Woon-yin are concentrating with those of General Li Ming-shui in the city.

As a precaution against a revolt of the Kwangsi leaders, the Canton Government has commissioned a number of aeroplanes for Shihing, an important strategic position on the West River.

Beginning to-day the management of the Central Bank in Canton has had to summon armed gendarmes to preserve order outside the office following the rush for silver exchange.

Information from semi-official sources states that Military Headquarters have supplied \$200,000 to Gen. Heung Hon-ping, the commander of the 62nd Kwangtung Division, to cover the expense of transporting to the West River.

ELECTION EXPENSES RETURN.

JUDGE DEALS WITH A CASE OF DELAY.

Mr. Justice Rigby Swift sat in the King's Bench Division to deal with the application of Mr. Ernest H. G. Roberts, the defeated Conservative candidate for Flint at the General Election, for an order excusing him for not having sent in a return and declaration of his election expenses within the statutory time allowed.

The matter came before the Judge shortly before the Courts rose for the Long Vacation, and on that occasion Mr. Roberts, who was represented by Mr. Roland Oliver, K.C., and Mr. W. Williams, explained that he had instructed his election agent, Mr. Isaac Edwards, to keep the expenses down to £1,500 and wrote him to make the necessary return. Mr. Edwards told the Judge that, when he found that the sum had been exceeded he had adopted a "policy of drift."

Mr. Williams said that the amount had been paid and the return was ready to be made. He asked the Judge to allow the return to be made. The amount was £1,658 and a few shillings, which was more than £60, under the maximum.

Mr. Justice Swift—Has the agent done everything now that he could do to assist you?

Mr. Williams—Yes, he has, and I am making no allegations against his bona fides at all.

Mr. Justice Swift—He is the gentleman who drafted?

Mr. Williams—Oh, yes.

Mr. John Morris, who appeared for Mr. Edwards, said that he understood all the account had been paid, and on Mr. Edwards's behalf he desired to express his regret that he did not write to the candidate and consider the expediting of making the return.

Mr. Justice Swift said that the candidate would receive his "authorized excuse" and the return must be made forthwith.

FRIGHT AT REFLECTION.

30 POLICE SUMMONED BY HOTEL GUEST.

Paris, Aug. 21. In the small hours of yesterday morning an urgent telephone message came from an hotel to the effect that a burglar had been seen by a guest and was hiding somewhere in the building.

Five policemen were immediately despatched, but, on arriving at the address, decided that their force was inadequate and appealed for reinforcements. When a second contingent of 26 policemen had arrived the hunt commenced.

The garrets, cellars, and bathrooms of the hotel were searched from top to bottom. Revolver in hand, the slugs penetrated to the most inaccessible corners, climbed into lofts, and even visited the roofs.

Several of the residents, awakened and questioned, swore that they had heard the footsteps of the criminal. Finally the person who had given the alarm, a German youth of 18, lately arrived in Paris, repeated his story, "I had just got into bed," he said, "and was going to put out the light when a head appeared at the window."

And to make the incident more real, he was about to indicate the gesture when he suddenly saw his own face in the glass. That was the burglar.

THE "JOY RIDER" AND HIS FRANKS.

BORROWING OTHER PEOPLE'S CARS.

Resentment is rapidly increasing against the "joy-rider" who "borrows" other people's cars without the consent of the owners, and there is a growing demand for legislation to deal with the practice.

According to various magistrates who have had such cases before them, it is difficult to hold that there has been intent to steal. Consequently the charge is either dismissed, or the offender is given some negligible fine on a charge of stealing petrol.

"We have had complaints from members for years," an official of the Automobile Association said recently, "but without legislation we are helpless. We are hoping that a clause, which will deal with the offence, will be inserted in the Traffic Bill which may be introduced next session. Falling that it is to be hoped that the representations of our secretary, Mr. Stenson Cooke, in his evidence before the Royal Commission on Road Traffic, will lead to a recommendation in their second report."

"We have had many hard cases brought to our notice. Recently a member reported that he was rung up by the police at four o'clock in the morning to tell him that his car had been found wrecked on a road. It had been taken out of his garage without his knowledge by his chauffeur, who had driven off with a friend and had come into collision with a tramcar. The motor-car was worth £750, but it was impossible to recover the money from the chauffeur."

"Widespread Practice.

"An aspect of this question," he added, "is that a person who will take a car in this way is often of a most unreliable type. He is frequently the worse for drink, and the offence is one which may easily be a danger to the public."

Meanwhile, the Southend Magistrates are asking the Home Office to take steps to make the taking of cars for "joy-riding" a punishable offence.

At the moment, however, it seems that the law is such that motor bandits, for instance, may "borrow" a car with impunity for a "smash-and-grab" raid, or an offender against the law, anxious to escape from the police, may jump into the nearest car, drive off and then abandon it at his leisure.

That the practice is widespread is evident from a recent report by Lord Byng, in which he stated that out of 2,120 reported stolen cars, 1,833 of them were found generally within a few hours of their loss, and in circumstances which would make a charge of theft impossible.

So common, indeed, is the practice that the plea of no intention to steal was used by two youths who were seen to take an unattended car from Gresham-street. The police gave chase, and ultimately arrested them. The Magistrate at the Guildhall, in convicting them, said: "This offence is far too common, and I am going to send you to one month's hard labour each."

(Continued on Next Column.)

LONDON-RANGOON FLIGHT.

SINO-BURMAN OFFICER TO MAKE ATTEMPT.

HOLIDAY AMBITION.

According to the Rangoon Times, inspired by the deeds of intrepid aviators of various nationalities who have made successful flights from London to distant parts of the world a young Sino-Burman Forest Officer hopes to emulate their example within the next few months.

Mr. L. Htin Wah, who is in the Imperial Forest Service, was a Lieutenant in the Royal Flying Corps during the war and has had considerable experience of flying both by day and night.

On his return to Burma he joined the Forest Service. He is about thirty-five years of age and is filled with the spirit of adventure which on one occasion led him to take a walking tour from Calcutta to Rangoon, which he carried out successfully.

Mr. Htin Wah, when in England on the last occasion, got into communication with the leading officials there and also visited the various aviation works.

He then made arrangements for the flight which he now proposes to undertake and has received the permission of the authorities of the various countries over which he intends to fly, to do so. These officials have assured him of all assistance in his project.

Mr. L. Htin Wah left Rangoon recently and proceeds via Siam, China, Japan and America on a holiday. The reason for choosing this route is to get into touch with the aviation officials at these places, because if his London-Rangoon flight is successful he desires to carry out the more ambitious project of flying to China and Japan.

When he reaches London, Mr. Htin Wah will get into communication with Sir Charles Wakefield and also the manufacturers of the Avro plane. He intends seeing Mr. A. Eggar who is making arrangements for the purchase of a plane for the Burma Flying Club and will discuss with him his projected flight which has been a secret ambition for many years and which only now is he able to undertake while on holiday.

The Burma population is very interested in the flight and intends to support Mr. Htin Wah in his project.

JOURNALISM TO-DAY.

OLD AND NEW METHODS CONTRASTED.

There was an interesting debate at the Institute of Journalists' Conference at Portsmouth between Mr. J. A. Spender, for many years Editor of the *Westminster Gazette*, and Mr. Sidney Dark, Editor of the *Church Times*, on "The Old Journalism versus the New."

Mr. Spender said that he agreed with the President (Mr. H. A. Gwynne, Editor of the *Morning Post*) that there were signs that we were going back to graver journalism.

He complained that many newspapers, containing so little news, More than half the space was filled by advertisements and a large amount of the remainder might

(Continued on Next Column.)

DOCTOR DEFENDS SINGAPORE.

MUCH HEALTHIER THAN IS GENERALLY SUPPOSED.

UNFAIR CRITICISMS.

"Singapore is probably a very much healthier place than is generally supposed" remarks Dr. P. S. Hunter, Health Officer for the Singapore Municipality in his report for the year 1928. In the course of his observations, Dr. Hunter says:

Turning to the recorded deaths from malaria, there were 1,196 of these during the year. I propose, reasonably I think, to apply to these the figures obtained from the analysis of the cases of malaria. Taking the 67 per cent. figure we could then place 800 of the deaths as "external" deaths.

Mr. Htin Wah, when in England on the last occasion, got into communication with the leading officials there and also visited the various aviation works.

Further with regard to the deaths from other causes, though I have no facts or figures in proof, I think we might reasonably infer that many of the 482 dysentery deaths, the 869 beri beri deaths and the 486 deaths from old age, could, in similar manner, be assumed to be external deaths.

I have no purpose in my speculations above other than to suggest that Singapore is probably a very much healthier place than is generally supposed. In common with other large Eastern cities it has to pay the penalty of its size and geographical position by being made to shoulder the responsibility for the failure, shall we say, of hygienic measures elsewhere. If I succeed only in removing to some extent the wrong impression created by the unfavourable and unfair remarks made about us at Home, and in instilling into those concerned with the formulation and enforcement of health measures in this town a spirit of hopefulness, the time and thought expended on these speculations will not have been wasted.

Singapore's Slums.

With reference to other chief causes of death, tuberculosis accounted for 1,411 (phtisis 1,133) and the pneumonias for 1,806. The two together accounted for roughly 25 per cent. of all the deaths.

I have said enough about these diseases in previous reports, and I do not propose to enlarge any further. We know the cause and the remedy. All experience elsewhere goes to prove that the provision of sanitary housing is the only real and lasting cure. And that is in the hands of the Improvement Trust. During the year under review that body has been particularly busy and several of its schemes are approaching completion. Great expectations are held of the Tiong Bahru scheme which, it is hoped, will one day be the nucleus of a new and sanitary Chinatown. The preliminary part of the work in connexion with this scheme is well under way.

The great thing is that we now recognise the evil and its causes and our minds are set in the right direction for their eradication. At the same time lest any are still doubtful as to the necessity for cleaning up our slums there is no harm in drawing their attention to a comparison between the number of deaths from these causes in Singapore and the number dying of the same diseases in England and Wales, where the climatic conditions are so much more favourable to their spread.

Out of every 1,000 deaths in Singapore phtisis was responsible for 104 and the pneumonias for 143. The corresponding figures for England and Wales were 66 and 71.

have appeared this week, next week, or, indeed, never.

Newspapers, he also complained, seldom contained the scores of both sides in a crucial match, and the reader was expected to remember the scores in the first and second days' play.

The main point of a story appeared three times—first in the headlines, secondly in the first paragraph, and finally in the body of the story, and this in newspapers which complained of space shortage.

The advertiser, he continued, did not distinguish between one kind of newspaper circulation and another, and imagined that numbers, regardless of how they were obtained, and the public they comprised, alone mattered.

Mr. Dark, replying, did not agree

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Your inspection of this season's new goods is cordially invited. These include—

Pullovers and Sweaters, Underwear, Dressing Gowns, Travelling Rugs, Scarves, Gloves, Slippers, Cholera Belts, Bed Socks, etc.

Specialities

They are very moderately priced considering they are

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BEST SILK HOSE VESTS and KNICKERS

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FINE SILK and WOOL VESTS WITH OPERA TOPS

Shetland Make.

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Tunes that Father Loves.

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So many Smart women ask...
"Why does Holeproof Hosiery
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THEY wear Holeproof rich natural silk hosiery. They know how many more months it lasts. But the secret of its long wearing quality they never realize. It's the Holeproof "Ex" reinforcement at the toe... a reinforcement so finely woven the foot cannot feel it... the eye barely sees it. Yet it is the arch enemy of holes.

And Holeproof Hosiery is first in fashion, too. A famous Parisian fashion authority, Lucile, creates correct colours... dictates the newest idea in heels and clocks... makes Holeproof Hosiery a smart accessory to every ensemble.

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ARMY CRICKET.

EASY WIN FOR THE R.A.S.C.

A friendly cricket match was played on the Sookunpo Ground yesterday between the R.A.S.C. and R.A.O.C. Scores were as follows:

R.A.S.C.	
Major T. J. R. Langmaid, retired	10
Sergeant Skipp, c Walker, b McFadyen	12
Corporal Crowcroft, b Rowe	16
Corporal Fennell, c Jackson, b McFadyen	5
L/Corporal Lyons, retired	22
W. O. 1. McDonald, c Walker, b McFadyen	12
Lieut. Marshall, b Rowe	16
Pte. Fry, c Jackson, b McFadyen	26
Pte. Andrews, run out	2
L/Corporal Simpson, b Rowe	2
L/Corporal Taylor, not out	14
Extras	127
Total	127
Bowling Analysis.	
	Runs Wkt.
Pte. MacFadyen	33 3
Corporal Rowe	53 1
Pte. Walker	23 1

R.A.O.C.	
L/Corporal Redmond, b Fry	1
Pte. McFadyen, c Skipp, b Lyons	1
Pte. Walker, b Skipp, b Lyons	1
L/Sgt. Sharpe, b Simpson	1
Pte. Brembridge, run out	1
Pte. Williamson, b/w, b Lyons	2
Pte. Jackson, b Lyons	6
Corporal Rowe, c Maj. Langmaid, b Andrews	6
Pte. Harris, b Andrews	1
Pte. Mackay (Substitute) not out	1
Pte. Bolshaw (Substitute), b Andrews	2
Total	26
Bowling Analysis.	
	Runs Wkt.
Pte. Fry	2 3
L/Corporal Simpson	4 1
Sergeant Skipp	9 3
Pte. Andrews	2 3
Corporal Fennell	1 3

LOCAL FOOTBALL.

ARMY v. CHINESE ATHLETIC.

Arrangements have been made to play a friendly football match, Army v. Chinese Athletic on Sookunpo Football Ground on Saturday, kick off at 4.30 p.m. The following players have been selected to represent the Army team—Gr. Fletcher (K.A.), Cpl. Gardner (2nd K.O.S.Bs.), Sgt. Reeves (2nd K.O.S.Bs.), L/Cpl. Everett (2nd K.O.S.Bs.), L/Cpl. Davy (2nd K.O.S.Bs.), Gr. Joyce (R.A.), Pte. Palmer, Sgt. Bewley, Bvt. Ed. Rayson (1st L.I.), Pte. McGlinchey and Pte. Alexander (2/2nd K.O.S.Bs.).

Reserves—Gunner Oliver (R.A.), Cpl. West (1st L.I.), Sgt. Skeggs (2/2nd K.O.S.Bs.), Pte. Butcher (1st S.L.I.) and Pte. Stocks (2/2nd K.O.S.Bs.).

Referee—Q. M.S. Scott, R.E. Linesman—C. S. M. Parry, 1st S.L.I.

In addition to the above, a friendly match has been arranged between the 2nd K.O.S.Bs. Reserves and Chinese Athletic Reserves at Sookunpo, kick off at 3 p.m.

Football Finance.

The Hongkong Football Association's financial statement to August 31, 1929 shows that the Association Account stands at \$3,508.14, the Interport Account at \$6,759.64 and the League Account at \$3,125.70. League entrance fees totalled \$520. On the payments side, charity grants account for \$3,066.70, referee bonuses \$1,214 and office furniture and fittings \$532.98. A sum of \$12,000 is on fixed deposit and a balance of \$1,641 is carried forward.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

CABLED QUOTATIONS FROM NEW YORK.

The following quotations as at the close of the market on Thursday have been received from their correspondents Messrs. Hayden, Stone and Co. of New York, by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz, Saseon House, Shanghai, cable address: "Swanstock" (Shanghai), who are not responsible for the cable quotations. The quotations are subject to confirmation.

	Previous Price	Latest Price
Anaconda Copper	123	122
Bethlehem Steel	120	119
Baltimore and Ohio	184	137
Chrysler Corp. (Common)	58	61
Eric Rly Co.	84	85
General Motors	70	69
Generally Rly Signal	117	117
Goodyear Tyre and Rubber	105	105
Copper	88	87
International Cement (Common)	72	67
Missouri Pacific (Common)	88	90
Liggett and Myers "B"	88	90
Nevada Consolidated Copper	46	46
Radio Corporation of America (Common)	90	90
Standard Oil Co. of New York	44	45
Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey	75	76
Southern Pacific	145	146
Texas Corporation	67	67
United States Steel	232	234
Vacuum Oil	122	123

MALARIA CURE FOR PARALYSIS.

HOW TREATMENT IS GIVEN.

For some years many cases of that terrible form of mental derangement known as "general paralysis of the insane" have been treated by infecting them with malaria, and the Board of Control has now issued a valuable report written by Surgeon Rear-Admiral E. T. Meagher, R.N. (H.M. Stationery Office, price 2s. net), in which the results of this treatment have been carefully collected and analysed.

General paralysis is a most serious malady, responsible for some of the worst types of insanity and generally regarded prior to the introduction of malarial treatment as incurable. The particular infection, responsible, at least in part, for the production of the disease is well known, and certain drugs have a marked influence upon this organism when it is situated in other parts of the body, but when it digs itself into the brains, as it were, these drugs are almost without any effect.

On the other hand, during attacks of fever of whatever origin it had been observed, many years ago, that a patient with general paralysis showed some improvement, the general processes concerned in fever being able apparently to dislodge and attack the organism. As far back as 1887 Professor Wagner-Jauregg, of Vienna, suggested the use of malaria for treating cases of general paralysis, but it was not until 1917, after years of disappointment and failure, that his successful results began to attract general medical interest, and in 1922 the Board of Control instituted a trial of this method in this country.

Comparative Figures.

In this method of treatment malaria is conveyed to the patient by the subcutaneous or intravenous inoculation of the blood of a malarial patient, or by exposure to a mosquito infected with malaria. After a brief incubation period bouts of fever begin at regular intervals and the infection can be controlled and brought to an end, as desired, by the administration of quinine.

As with every new form of treatment, especially for an almost incurable malady, there is always a tendency to take a too optimistic outlook, but Admiral Meagher has scrutinised the results with such care that his conclusions, very cautiously drawn, are of considerable value.

As a comparison for the results of malarial treatment he followed a group of over 600 cases of general paralysis admitted to various mental hospitals in 1923, where the new treatment was not employed. Of this group 90 per cent. had died by 1927 and only 2 per cent. had been discharged. Since 1922 over 1,500 cases of this disease have received malarial treatment in various mental hospitals. Of these less than 34 per cent. are dead and 25 per cent. have been discharged.

It has been used as an argument against the employment of malarial treatment that it is futile to keep alive patients who will only continue to be a burden upon their relatives, but on investigating the cases who have been discharged it is found that 321 are able to follow an occupation and only 42 are totally unfit for employment because of their mental state.

Future Prospects.

When it is remembered that under existing legislation cases are only admitted to mental hospitals, where the bulk of malarial treatment has been carried out, after being definitely certified as insane, and that the series here reported cannot be said to include early cases, then the results are truly remarkable. There are many practical difficulties in the way of securing early treatment, but these will be gradually overcome and there is hope for even better results in the future.

As to how malaria acts in curing general paralysis great uncertainty exists. Some maintain that it is merely a convenient way of giving regularly recurring bouts of fever, while others hold that the malarial poison has a destructive action upon the organisms causing general paralysis. Whatever the process there can now be little doubt, after Admiral Meagher's report, that malaria does offer a chance of a cure for a hitherto incurable malady.

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page. BOOGUS BONUS, BONES, TONES, TUNES, DUNES, DUKES.

PRIMATE'S GARDEN.

A TRANSFORMATION AT LAMBETH.

The garden of Lambeth Palace—the official London residence of the Archbishop of Canterbury—is now one of the finest as well as probably the oldest in London. Seldom, perhaps, since the days of the old Bishop of Rochester, to whom the manor of "North Lambeth" was originally presented by the Confessor before Domesday, has it been the scene of so colourful a display of flowers.

Eight months ago, when Dr. Lang moved from Bishopthorpe York to Lambeth, the garden was in a wild and overgrown condition, masses of privet and weeds abounding on all sides.

Dr. Lang's predecessors were unable to remedy this state of affairs owing to the heavy expense involved, and the fact that the two regular gardeners employed at the Palace were quite unable to keep pace with the overgrowth.

It must not be forgotten that, besides the expense incurred in the upkeep of Lambeth Palace, the Archbishop has also to maintain the Lambeth garden, therefore, inevitably suffered neglect, and would have continued to suffer had not a personal friend of Dr. Lang, who prefers to remain anonymous, generously offered to bear the greater part of the considerable cost of renovation.

A Look Round.

The lawn facing the east front of the Palace is now bounded by a brick terrace before it dips to a lower expanse of turf stretching away towards the walls of St. Thomas's Hospital Medical School. It was a mass of brilliant colour from dahlias, nerines, viscaria, and antirrhinum.

"In order to make the flower beds on the lower lawn, we had first to sweep away masses of privet and wild growth of all kinds," said Mr. Budden. "So bad was the condition of the soil from not having been worked for so long, and from the accumulation of soot, that it was found quite useless for flower culture, and we therefore brought into the garden some 600 tons of fresh soil."

These beds are a blaze of glory of marigolds and other flowers, and the walk flanking the terrace now passes between delightful borders of rhododendrons.

Eight Months' Job.

Mr. Budden found the great lawn in poor condition. During the war, it was dug up for allotments, but the absence of an adequate water supply rendered it

INFANT MORTALITY.

REPORT ON AN ENGLISH INVESTIGATION.

The Health Committee of the League of Nations in 1923 decided to institute an international inquiry into infant mortality, and the English section has been presented as a Report by Dame Janet Campbell (Stationery Office, 1s.).

Investigations were carried out over a twelve-month period during 1927-28 in four selected districts, Sunderland and parts of Staffordshire, where the infant mortality was relatively high, and in Croydon and Oxfordshire, where it was relatively low. The primary object of the research was to determine as far as possible the causes of death of infants in these districts during the period named.

The investigation has brought out very clearly certain points already known, but which need emphasis if the problem is to be satisfactorily attacked. In a final section of the report Dr. Campbell sets out her suggestions for reducing the infantile mortality rate still further. The establishment of a maternity service is advocated, the most important suggestion is for an extension of the present facilities for home nursing, so that skilled nurses can attend all sick babies in their homes. It is also suggested that the most satisfactory way of ensuring timely medical attendance for these babies would be by an extension of the National Health Insurance Act to the dependents of insured persons. Improvement in general sanitary conditions and in housing are still necessary, and there must be still more education of the public in the importance of securing suitable provision for maternal and child welfare.

Finally, the report urges that there shall be further scientific investigation and study of infant hygiene and the diseases of infants and children and better education of medical students in this branch of the curriculum.

almost useless for such a purpose. "It will be some time before we can get the turf into tip-top condition," he added. It has taken Mr. Budden and eight gardeners since December to transform the grounds from a wilderness into a garden of perfection.

The Queen paid a special visit to Lambeth Palace to inspect the grounds, and Princess Mary and the Duchess of York have also shown great interest in the work.

Another addition to the grounds is a neat red-tiled house which has recently been completed to the order of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners as a residence for the head gardener. It stands in a corner of the grounds flanked by the Archbishop's Palace Gardens, now used as a public recreation ground.



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The ideal container for
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Holding Capacity 5 Gallons.

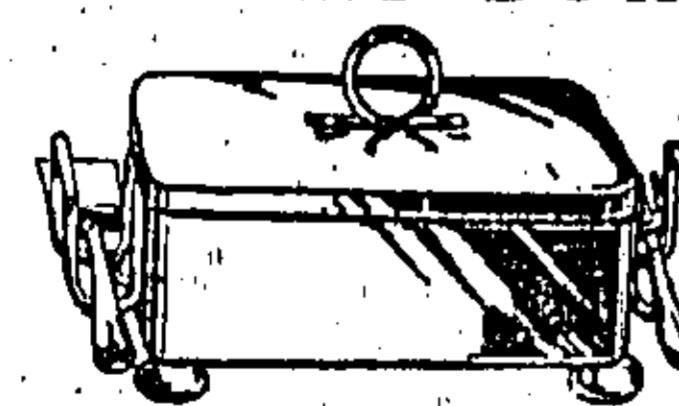
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VELVETEENS
IN
Black, White
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Colours.
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The patent process Dunlop Tennis Ball is as good a ball as money can buy...
Special rates to Clubs.
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A complete range of Venetian toilet
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Toilet Preparations
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COMPLETE SCHOOL
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At present this style is one
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LADIES' JAEGER
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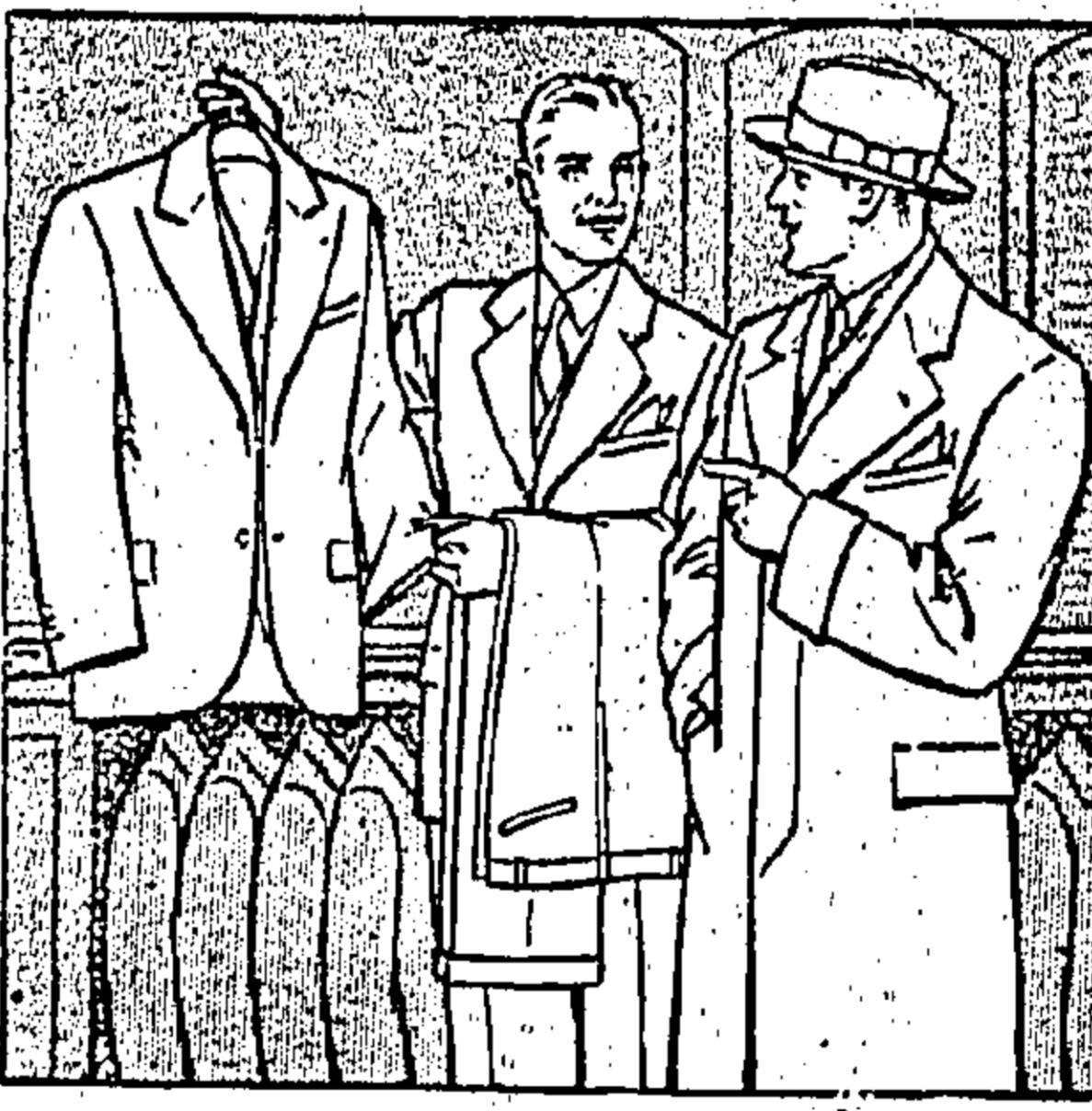
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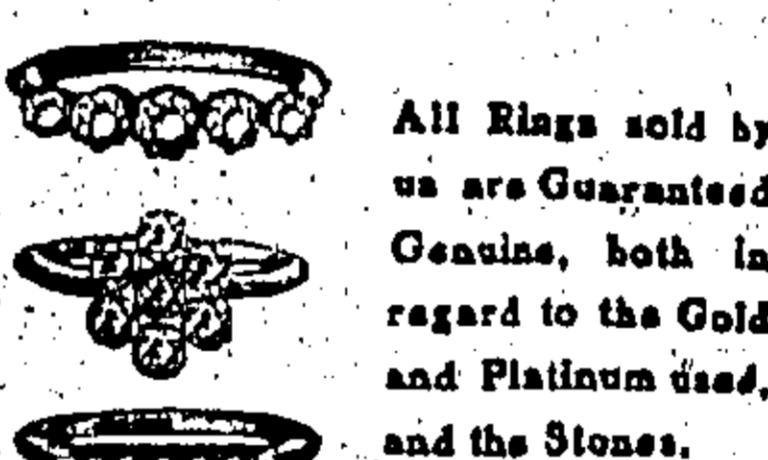


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Genuine, both in
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IN THE NEWEST
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Washington Soup
Fried Fish, French Potatoes,
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Fruit. Coffee. Tea.

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And as with this pen, so it is with men. The market for Excellence is ever active. The world has a standing order for Distinguished Service.

If you're the timber that Success is made of, go try the pen that can speed you on your rise.

A pen with an Over-size barrel made of Non-Breakable Permanite instead of rubber, as formerly. Its point is guaranteed 25 years not—only for for mechanical perfection but /or wear!

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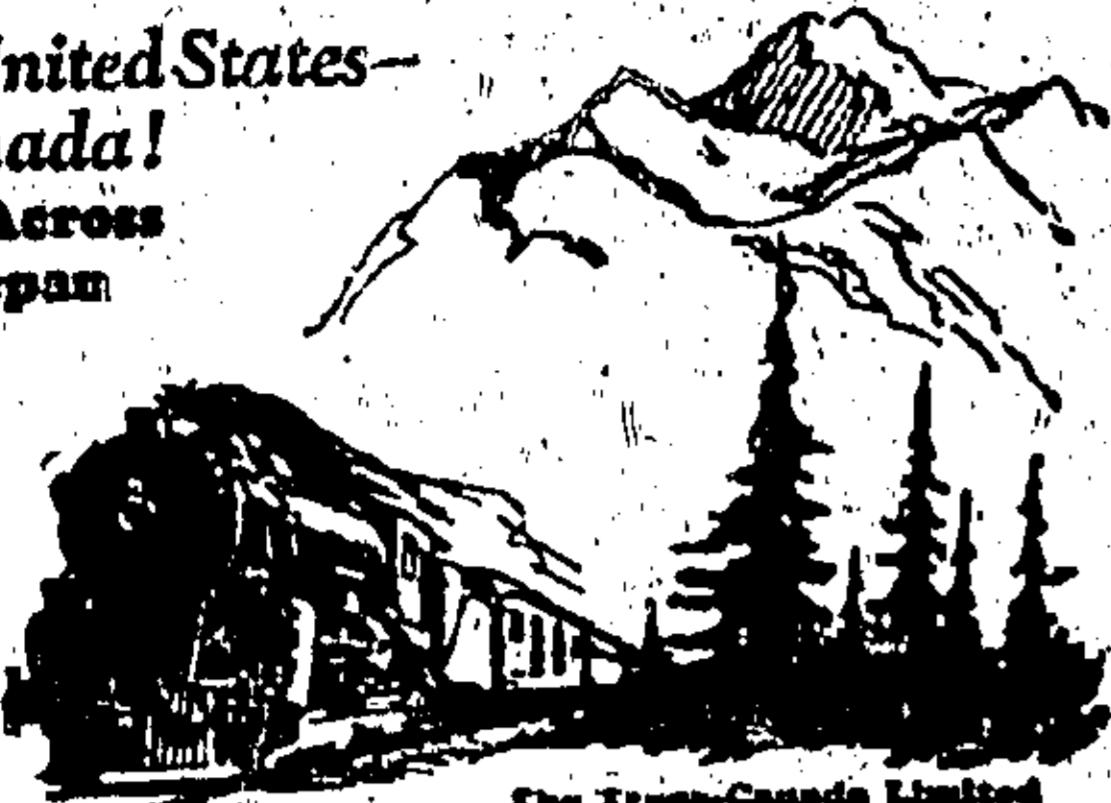
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Yearbook

Seattle, Washington

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	Hongkong	Shanghai	Kotsu	Yokohama	Vanves	Arrive
Leaves	Oct. 9	Oct. 15	Oct. 17	Oct. 26		
Arrives	Oct. 31	Nov. 3	Nov. 6	Nov. 18		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Oct. 13	Nov. 15	Nov. 19	Nov. 21		
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Oct. 27	Nov. 30	Dec. 3	Dec. 14		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Dec. 18	Dec. 31	Dec. 24	Jan. 4		
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Jan. 15	Jan. 18	Jan. 21	Jan. 23		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 20		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	Mar. 11	Mar. 13		
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Mar. 19	Mar. 23	Mar. 25	Mar. 27		
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Apr. 9	Apr. 13	Apr. 15	Apr. 17		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Apr. 30	May 3	May 6	May 17		
EMPRESS OF CANADA	May 15	May 18	May 20	May 22		
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 4	June 7	June 10	June 12		
EMPRESS OF ASIA	June 25	June 23	July 1	July 3		
(E/Asia & E/Bussia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from S'hal.)						

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M.S. "FORMOSA" 80th September

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ANGERS ... 8th Oct.

G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.

ANDRE LEBON ... 5th Nov.

PORTHOS ... 19th Nov.

CHENONCEAUX ... 3rd Dec.

ATHOS II ... 17th Dec.

D'ARTAGNAN ... 31st Dec.

ANGERS ... 14th Jan.

ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.

POETHOS ... 22nd Oct.

CHENONCEAUX ... 5th Nov.

ATHOS II ... 19th Nov.

D'ARTAGNAN ... 3rd Dec.

ANGERS ... 17th Dec.

SPHINX ... 31st Dec.

G. METZINGER ... 14th Jan.

We can issue through tickets to Egypt, Syrian ports,
East Africa, Madagascar by transhipment on our mail
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THE VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERS FOR THE COMING WEEK.

No. 32/29. Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps Orders by Lieut-Colonel L. G. Bird D.S.O., O.B.E. Commandant.

Hongkong, 27th September.

1. Musketry Table T. M.G.

The M.I. and Armoured Car Companies will fire Table T. M.G. Part II at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, 29th September, 1929. Range Officer Lieut. R. K. Valentine. Launch will have Queen's Pier at 8.30 a.m., and dress—Uniform (clean fatigue) or multi optional.

2. Corps Band.

Practice parades will be held at H. Q. at 5.30 p.m. in multi on Friday, September 27, and Tuesday, October 1.

Annual Athletic Sports.—The Corps Band will parade at the Kowloon Cricket Club at 2.45 p.m. on Saturday, 28th September, in uniform as hereunder. Helmet, tunic, slacks, black boots, belt and cross belt.

3. The Battery.

Parade for Gun Drill at H. Q. at 5.30 p.m. on Friday 4th October.

4. Engineers Company.

Amendment to Engineer Co. training programme 1929-30. 2nd and 4th Thursdays in each month, commencing September 26. Parade at Wellington Barracks 5.30 p.m. Dress, multi. Instruction in Defence Lights. No parades at Belcher's Fort until further notice.

Parade at H. Q. 5.30 p.m. for squad drill. Dress multi, rifle, belt and side-arms. All ranks are reminded that the Eng. Coy. fire Table T. on Sunday 6th.

No. 101 C.Q.M.S. T. Bolt assumes the duties of C.Q.M.S. Engineer Company and No. 769 Spt. C. S. Coom relinquishes the acting rank of C.Q.M.S. as from 27-9-29.

5. Corps Signals.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, 30th September for Signal Training. Dress—multi.

6. Mounted Infantry Company.

Parades during October are as follows—Thursdays, 3rd, 10th and 17th Causeway Bay Stables for drill with Pack Ponies. Sunday, 20th, Field Day. Details will be issued later. It is most important that everyone should be present at all three of the above parades as a scheme whereby we will work two guns is to be tried out and if successful will be employed at camp. To ensure the success of this scheme it is imperative that everyone shall be present so make a point of turning up.

Thursdays, 24th and 31st Riding School. Doidgbin's Trophy Part 2 will be decided at an early date in November and members will do well to practice their ponies over the jumps. Marks will be awarded for general management, saddling up, jumping, etc., etc.

The following will fire M.G. Part 2 at Stonecutters on Sunday 29th, launch leaves Queen's Pier at 8.30 a.m.

Sgt. Maj. M. M. Watson, Sgt. G. Davidson, L/Cpl. J. Kendrew, L/Cpl. C. Backhouse, Ptes. T. Beck, A. E. McCartney, L. Weill, A. C. Braine Hartnell, R. Grieves, W. Harris Walker.

7. Armoured Car Company.

Car Sections. Parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, 30th for road practice.

8. Machine Gun Company.

The Company will parade as strong as possible at H. Q. on Tuesday, Oct 1, at 5.30 p.m. in multi for Machine Gun Training under Platoon arrangements. No. 1 Platoon will proceed to Kennedy Road Range for Lewis Gun firing practice. Dress optional, belt.

9. Machine Gun Company.

Car Section as from 27-9-29: No. 883 L/Cpl. A. Nissim to be Corporal. No. 1173 Pte. M. G. Mills to be Corporal. Machine Gun Company, as from 27-9-29: No. 1462 Cpl. L. Goldman to be Sergeant. No. 1480 Pte. F. Lobel, M.M. to be Lance Corporal.

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11. Command of Company.

Lieut. H. R. Forsyth takes over command of the Scottish Company from Captain A. Mackenzie as from 26th Sept. 1929.

12. Platoon at Headquarters for Lewis Gun Training. Dress optional, belt.

Musketry Part II: The Company is reminded that the Coy. will fire Part II Musketry at Stonecutters on Sunday, Oct. 13. Details will be issued later.

13. Reversions.

The following revert at their own

AMERICAN MERGER.

TRUST WITH ASSETS OF \$3100,000,000.

New York, Sept. 26.

The Adams Express Company is increasing its capital, and acquiring two other investment trusts, the Railway and Express Company (formerly the American Express) and the Haycart Corporation.

The new investment trust will have assets of over a hundred million dollars.—Reuters' American Service.

Truck with 3 service guns. Range Officer, Lieut. A. H. Penn.

Musketry Table T. M.G. Part II.

Practices—Parades will be held at H. Q. at 5.30 p.m. in multi on Friday, September 27, and Tuesday, October 1.

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THE "GOLDEN" SHIPS.

INAUGURATION OF
REFRIGERATION SERVICE.

The arrival of the s.s. Golden Dragon in harbour on Wednesday witnessed the inauguration by the Oceanic and Oriental Navigation Company of a refrigeration service in their South China trade. The cargo for Hongkong included a big consignment of grapes which arrived in perfect condition and were taken delivery of yesterday.

In addition to the Golden Dragon, refrigeration equipment has also been installed on the s.s. Golden Sun and the s.s. Golden Peak, which vessels will regularly serve Hongkong, Siam, Bangkok and Philippine Islands' ports.

Each steamer has approximately 10,000 cubic feet refrigeration space installed in No. 5 lower 'tween decks. This space is divided into four compartments, two measuring approximately 50 ft. by 11 ft., by 7 ft. and two approximately 21 ft. by 13 ft. by 7 ft., each compartment being entirely in itself with separate doorways and independent control of

THE DOLLAR LINE.

SHIPPING BOARD AIDS WITH
\$10,750,000 LOAN.

Washington, Sept. 26. The Shipping Board has approved a loan of \$10,750,000 to the Dollar Steamship Line, for the construction of two twenty-knot cargo vessels for its round-the-world service. —*Reuter's American Service.*

temperature and moisture. The larger compartments contain 34 mess-tons each and the small compartments 41 mess-tons each. Various temperatures can be maintained continuously to a point as low as 20 deg. Fahrenheit, and there are no overhead coils, which have been a source of trouble in other installations. The installations are, in fact, the most complete and up-to-date available at the present time.

In order to afford maximum protection to shippers, loading from U.S. ports is under the direction and supervision of refrigeration engineers. The States Steamship Company are the local agents for the Oceanic and Oriental Navigation Company.

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REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE for BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE (FIUME) TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

PASSAGE RATES TO

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE	£75.0.0.
LONDON	283.0.0.

NEXT SAILINGS

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI

From Hongkong

S.S. "ROSNANDRA" Sails hence on or about 1st Oct.
M.V. "ROMOLO" Sails hence on or about 29th Oct.
S.S. "VENEZIA" Sails hence on or about 7th Nov.
S.S. "TIMAVO" Sails hence on or about 26th Nov.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

From Hongkong

S.S. "DUCH D'ACSTA" Sails hence on or about 5th Oct.
M.V. "ESQUILINO" Sails hence on or about 15th Oct.
M.V. "ROSNANDRA" Sails hence on or about 2nd Nov.
M.V. "ROMOLO" Sails hence on or about 30th Nov.

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FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO
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S.S. "UMZUMBI" Sails from Calcutta 3rd Nov.
Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

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KONINKLIJKE PAKETVAART
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Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia.

M. V. "CREMER"

For SINGAPORE, PENANG & BELAWAN DELI DIRECT.
Offers excellent saloon accommodation, all lower berths,
English Cuisine, doctor carried, wireless telegraph.

1st CLASS FARE to SINGAPORE \$125.00.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.)
services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and
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Agents: JAVA CHINA JAPAN LINE.

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"Changte" & "Taiping."

THESE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM
HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.VIA MANILA, AND THURSDAY ISLAND
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New
Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS
PASSENGERS ACCOMMODATION.

HONGKONG TO SIDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	DUE HONGKONG	DUE TO SAIL
CHANGTE	11th October	18th October
TAIPING		
CHANGTE		
TAIPING		

For Freight & Passage, apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Tel. C. 36 Agents.

HONGKONG RADIO CONCERTS.

FIRST TO BE GIVEN ON
OCTOBER 8.

Under the chairmanship of Mr. N. L. Smith the members of the Broadcasting Committee held their second meeting in the Sanitary Board room on Tuesday evening when the pleasing announcement was made by the Chairman that the opening concert, organised by the Committee, has received official approval by the Honourable Mr. W. T. Southorn, C.M.G., Colonial Secretary, consenting to assist at the opening ceremony on Tuesday, October 8 at 9 p.m. From the new Studio in the General Post Office building, the Hon. Mr. Southorn will address a few words to all listeners in the opening night.

A good concert is being organised for that evening under the expert direction of Mrs. Youngusband whose services the Committee has been fortunate in securing as the Programme Secretary and to whom all inquiries may be addressed at the Studio G.P.O., and from whom all information will be obtainable regarding the Committee's efforts at popularising broadcasting in Hongkong and the improvement of the programmes arranged for the special benefit of the public.

It will be realised that until the Committee has gained more experience, the formulation of programmes for the immediate future, that is, during the winter months, will be more or less in the nature of tentative efforts with room for improvements on suggestions which it is hoped will be received from the public by means of letters addressed to the Programme Secretary or through the medium of the newspaper.

Programme Schedule.

After considerable discussion of the draft programme as to hours submitted by the Programme Sub-Committee, composed of Messrs. F. Austin, H. Lowcock, and Chan Heung-pak, the following schedule was tentatively decided upon:

Sundays.

10.30 or 11 a.m.—Church morning services.
12 (Noon) to 1 p.m. Chinese Programme.
6-7 p.m. Hospital programme.
9 p.m. onward. Ordinary routine programme.
10.30 p.m. Close down.

Week Days.

10.45-11 a.m. Commercial news, market quotations, etc. in English and Chinese.
12.30-1.30 p.m. Demonstration programme.
5.30-6.15 p.m. Children's hour programme arranged especially suitable for children.
9-10.30 p.m. European or Chinese programme.

There is no certainty that during the first few months it will be possible to arrange for programmes every day in the week, it is very likely that intermissions of one or two days in the week may be expected and, as has been stated, the Committee hope to profit by experience.

Commercial News.

The proposal for the service of commercial news originated with the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton

who aims with an improved range at placing our market quotations and Hongkong and world news generally, in tabloid form, within the reach daily, of businessmen and residents of places like Foochow and Wuchow who can, at present, only obtain their news four days old when the Hongkong newspapers reach them by steamer. In order to meet the needs of those who are situated in these outlying places arrangements are being made whereby short items of general news interest will be supplied each night by one of the local newspapers.

The Committee is fortunate in counting in their number a gentleman of the experience and willingness, in public mass entertainment like Mr. R. Sutherland. Mr. Sutherland takes into his especial care the catering for patients and inmates in hospitals, with entertainment that will help to overcome the dull hours of lonesomeness and depression brought about by physical affliction. When on leave recently Mr. Sutherland was impressed by the number of ear-phones in hospitals. In London alone he was informed that there were no less than 30,000 in use and that number must have been considerably increased since then.

As regards the local Government hospitals the Chairman has applied to Government for receiving sets to be installed, and there is every reason to hope that the application will be granted.

University Talks.

Nor will the Service men, ashore and afloat, be neglected in Mr. Sutherland's scheme of arrangement. Special thought will be given to sailors and soldiers in the matter of sports results, like football and cricket matches. The suggestion was submitted by the veteran cricketer Mr. T. E. Pearce, for the consideration of the Committee. It will be acted upon.

From the professional staff of the Hongkong University, Prof. Simpson has obtained the promise of quite a number of short, lectures and readings which will be limited to about 1,000 words, taking not more than ten minutes to deliver. There will be discussions on a diversity of subjects from centipedes and millipedes to astronomy and current literature.

While for those who are expecting a reduction in the cost of market produce, the Rev. H. R. Wells, O.B.E., will discourse on agriculture in the New Territories in a practical manner.

The Technical Side.

On the technical side the association of Mr. L. H. King, Government electrical engineer, with the Committee, assisted as he is by his staff, is of invaluable help. Mr. King has thrown himself whole-heartedly into the new organisation. Mr. N. L. Smith, the postmaster general, by virtue of his official position, is the liaison officer between the Government and the unofficials on the Committee. Always ready to receive and welcome suggestions and criticisms, the co-operation between the Committee as a whole and their Chairman makes for harmony and efficiency.

To ensure that the wishes of every section of the community will be considered, Mr. E. Lowcock and Mr. Chan Heung-pak serve on the Committee in the capacity of Chinese representatives. Together with Mr. F. Austin they are working so that the Chinese community will ob-

SIGNALLING AT SEA.

NAVAL RETURN OF EXERCISES WITH MERCHANTMEN.

Extracts from the quarterly returns of signalling carried out between H.M. ships and British merchant vessels are published in Fleet Orders. They show that in the period ended March 31, 1929, the successful exercises numbered 1,507, as compared with 1,251 for the previous quarter. There were 26 failures to establish communication.

A table of individual ships in order of merit shows that H.M.S. Dartmouth, trooping to China, came first with 122 successful exercises; the Cleopatra, trooping to China, second, with 110; the Concord, trooping to China, third, with 105. A table is also given showing the number of successful exercises achieved by vessels of the mercantile companies, with a warning that this is not to be taken as a statement of comparative signal efficiency between the different companies, as opportunities for signalling are so varied. The Ellerman Lines, Ltd., came first with 182; the P. and O. Co., second, with 181; British Tankers, third, with 83; and the Ocean Steamship Co., Ltd., fourth, with 65.

tain their fair share of time allocation in the programmes.

It is hoped that all musicians and others who are willing to help in this project and who would like to see their voices or instruments tried over the air will communicate in writing with the Programme Secretary, c/o G. P. O.

To-day's Programme.

The following programme will be broadcast day by day from the Government Broadcasting Station Z.B.W. on 350 metres.

1.45 p.m. Weather report.

5.30-6.30 p.m. Programme of Chinese Music. (Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. Wines & Lok Co.).

7.15 p.m. Evening weather report.

9.00-9.30 p.m. Record Selections.

10.30 p.m. Close down.

Programme of Records. (Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. Anderson Music Co., Ltd.).

11.30 p.m. Popular Lecture by Mr. Vaughan Fowler, "The Development of Aviation in China." (Delayed from Great Hall of the University of Hongkong).

Mr. Vaughan Fowler was formerly a member of the Royal Air Force and during the last few months has travelled all over China in order to visit various centres where aviation is being practised, and where possible aviation routes have been suggested to him.

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PRODUCTS DIRECT FROM LONDON MARKET.
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IMPERIAL CRICKET CONFERENCE.

ARRANGEMENT OF TOURS.

The chief business of the Imperial Cricket Conference, when they met at the Oval was to make arrangements for various tours by M.C.C. teams and by Colonial sides visiting this country.

Under the original programme South Africa were to visit England in 1933, but, as they are unable to manage this, the International programme is being revised. New Zealand and India were both down to visit England in 1931, but the probability is that New Zealand only will be here, and, provided their board agree, the West Indies' team will come in 1933, instead of 1932, and India in 1932, instead of 1931. The probable programme is:

1930-31—England visit South Africa and India.

1931-32—South Africa visit Australia.

1932—India visit England.

1932-33—England visit Australia.

1933—West Indies in England.
1934—Australia visit England.
1935—South Africa visit England.

With regard to the question of turf wickets a resolution was passed to the effect that the Imperial Conference were glad to learn that efforts were being made in South Africa to establish turf wickets. The hope was expressed that these efforts would be successful, and that they will be extended in all countries where the climatic and other conditions permit.

Lord Harris occupied the chair at the meeting, in the absence of Field-Marshal Lord Plumer, President of M.C.C. The following were present:

Mr. A. J. Webb (England), Mr.

R. H. Mallett and Dr. R. McDonald (Australia); Mr. H. O. Frielinghuis and Mr. H. D. G. Leveson-Gower (South Africa); Mr. H. B. G. Austin and Mr. A. C. O'Dowd (West Indies); Mr. A. P. F. Chapman and Mr. H. D. Swan (New Zealand); Mr. Grant Govan (and Mr. K. M. Mistri (India), and Mr. W. Findlay, Secretary of the M.C.C.

There had been some trouble over the water supply and her mistress had forbidden the amah to carry water for the woman known as Wan Tai Koo, who was living in the middle cubicle. When she told Wan Tai Koo of this structure, her mistress got to know of it and accused her of carrying tales. Her mistress further said she had been kind to her and that that was the last thing she had expected her to do.

Grieved Over Reproach.

Fortunately, her mistress continued, this was only a slight matter. If it had been a really serious offence, it were better that she (witness) should be dead.

Grieving over this reproach, witness said she resolved to end her life, and the very same day, threw herself into the harbour. She had not then thought of going back to her mother, because she was too poor to keep her, but she would now like to do so.

This closed the case for the prosecution, and Mr. Watson said he wanted an adjournment to enable him to consult with his client before cross-examining the girl.

The hearing was adjourned.

To restrict their efforts to investigating how best to sell the goods of one country in another country would be crude and inadequate. An energetic sales campaign which year after year produced an unfavourable trade balance for the customer country would prove a danger instead of a blessing.

It might be thought that he was preaching free trade. That was not his intention. All that he asked was that these facts should be recognised, and in making their commercial arrangements, nations and individual traders should remember that both for psychological and economic reasons trade could not be a one-sided affair.

"Advertising men," said Lord Riddell in conclusion, "have a great mission, not limited to advising manufacturers and others how to sell their products. It is for us to proclaim the true principles of business in all its aspects."

BIG GERMAN BANK MERGER.

FLOW OF GOLD TO AMERICA.

CANNOT GO ON INDEFINITELY.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—"Advertising, Advertising"—the whole of Berlin is re-echoing with these magic words. The International Advertising Congress, which was opened yesterday evening and in which over 8,000 experts are taking part, is now interesting the Berliners just as much as the Hague Conference.

Berlin has risen to the occasion and is appropriately advertising itself. So as to impress the thousands of foreigners now assembled in the German capital everything is being done by the German authorities and business world to show what a go-ahead and pleasant city Berlin is.

The most important speech at the first sitting of the congress to-day was that of Lord Riddell, who dealt with the necessity of finding some means of stopping the constant flow of gold Europe to the United States.

"A Matter for Grave Reflection."

While reciprocal trade between nations promoted international goodwill, said Lord Riddell, it would be conceded that the refusal of reciprocal relations tended to create international animosities. To-day, owing to improved communications and the vast ramifications of trade and finance, business men could no longer afford to disregard the effect of their doings on international relations.

On all sides walls were being erected. Great Britain alone stood for Free Trade, with some trifling exceptions, but it must be admitted that her conditions were exceptional, inasmuch as her 18 million citizens had to import the major part of their food and to pay for it with manufactured goods. Nevertheless, even Great Britain might have to take steps to protect herself against unfair competition in her home markets.

New Problems.

America, by force of circumstances, he said, found herself faced with new problems affecting her relations with other countries. Since the war she had done an enormous foreign trade in raw materials and manufactured goods. Her exports largely exceeded her imports, which, owing to her tariffs, framed to protect her home market, consisted almost exclusively of raw materials.

Now that American loans were being greatly reduced, the problem was: How could America secure payment for the balance of her exports, and how could she collect the instalments of her huge war debts and the interest on her vast foreign loans? Now that she was reducing her loans, trade balances would have to be made up in gold.

Accordingly, during the first five months of this year, £16,000,000 in gold went from London, Germany, and Canada to the United States, which already held about half the monetary gold in the world. Obviously these conditions could not continue for an indefinite period.

On the one hand, the gold supply was limited; on the other it was difficult to discover how America could benefit by adding to her already vast stock, which by the stringent regulations of the Federal Bank was largely sterilized as a basis of credit.

Repercussions on European trade

and finance were serious and these problems demanded grave reflection. As business men they often conceal their knowledge.

They get terrified, and sometimes say nothing about it for days and days.

"In this case the key to the solution came in the form of a remark made by the little child in dream. This is characteristic of a young child, and one cannot be surprised at the little boy's cousin concealing his knowledge."

KIDNAPPING CASE SENTENCE.

WOMAN AND CONFEDERATES GIVEN A YEAR.

BIRCH FOR THE MEN.

There have of late been frequent instances of the kidnapping of children, particularly on the mainland and whenever the persons responsible for depriving parents of their offspring are apprehended and convicted before a Magistrate heavy sentences are imposed. Judging by the number of cases which have come before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith recently, however, the punishment does not discourage the kidnappers.

Three persons were each sentenced to imprisonment for a year by the Kowloon Magistrate this morning, when Sophia Mohammed and two Chinese were convicted of charges arising out of the kidnapping of a small boy from No. 555, Canton Road. The woman and one of the men were charged with kidnapping, while the two men were alleged to have harboured the lad at Nam Hang Village, Taipo.

His Worship said there did not seem to be any redeeming features at all.

There was not the same direct evidence against the third but his Worship imagined that if there were not people like the third defendant, who were ready to help kidnappers, people like the first and second defendants would not be able to carry out their plans.

Each defendant was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, while the two men were further ordered to receive 15 strokes of the birch each.

MYSTERY SOLVED BY A DREAM.

ROY WHO TALKED IN HIS SLEEP.

London, Aug. 22.—A child talking in his sleep solved the mystery of the whereabouts of Ronald Boorman, aged 5, of Overbury-street, Hackney, E., on whom an inquest was held at Hackney, yesterday.

Mrs. Boorman said that on August 13 Ronald went out with his brother. The brother returned and said that Ronald had run away.

Nothing more was heard until two days later when a six-year-old cousin started talking in his sleep about 1 a.m. He said, "Ronnie is in the water." An hour later the boy was taken down to the river bank and there showed Ronald's father where his cousin went into the water. The body was recovered later.

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ACCIDENTAL THEFT!

SENTENCED JUST AFTER GAOL TERM.

Replying to an accusation of theft, a Chinese, at the Central Police Court this morning, stated that his hand accidentally brushed against the pocket of a pedestrian.

Mr. A.W.G.H. Grantham.—And accidentally your hand found its way into his pocket?

Accused.—I don't even know why my hand should rub his pockets. It fit his spectacles (daughter).

The Magistrate (looking over accused's record).—I see you got out of gaol only nine days ago for stealing.

The only reply vouchsafed by the accused was a grunt.

His Worship.—Six weeks.

Continuous Performance From 1.15 to 11.15.

AT THE QUEEN'S TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.



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WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

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